# BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL REPORT

**JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009** 

#### **Contents**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-12
Statement of Net Assets - Exhibit 1	13
Statement of Activities - Exhibit 2	14
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Exhibit 3	15
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity - Exhibit 4	16
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds - Exhibit 5	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds - Exhibit 6	18
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets - Exhibit 7	19
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds - Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to Statement of Activities - Exhibit 8	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21-39
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Special revenue funds: Combining balance sheet - special revenue funds	40
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - special revenue funds	41
General fund: Schedule of change from original budget to revised budget Schedule of use of fund balance	42 42
Schedule of general fund revenues and expenditures - budget and actual	43-44
Capital projects fund: Schedule of project expenditures	45
Schedule of certain revenues and expenditures compared to ST-3 data	46
Schedule of funding progress for the retiree health plan	47
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	48

Notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards	49
Report on Intenal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	50-51
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each	
Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance	
in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	52-53
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	54-56
Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings	57
Extraclassroom activity fund:	
Independent Auditor's Report	58
Statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance - cash basis	59
Statement of cash receipts, disbursements and ending fund balance - cash basis	60
Notes to financial statements	61

#### CBTT

### Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

Certified Public Accountants

JACK L. CONROY, CPA MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA THOMAS R, TELLING, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of Beekmantown Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Beekmantown Central School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the District's 2009 financial statements, and in our report dated November 2, 2009, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Beekmantown Central School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2010, on our consideration of the Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance

with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 12 and 43 through 44, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our Audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Beekmantown Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Beekmantown Central School District. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Corney, Souther, Felling & Crombley, P.C. Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

August 16, 2010

#### Management Discussion and Analysis

Within this section of the Beekmantown Central School District's annual financial report, the School's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The School's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the auditor's opinion letter, which precedes management's discussion and analysis.

#### Financial Highlights

- The District received voter approval in May 2008 for renovation of district infrastructure in accordance with the District 5-year Capital Facilities Plan consisting of health and safety renovations, equipment upgrades and other alterations, renovations, and improvements to Cumberland Head Elementary School and the Main Building (K-12 facilities). The total ongoing project has a total estimated cost not to exceed \$6,655,455 using all available state aid including Excel Aid; and
- As of June 30, 2010, under the GASB 34 reporting model, the change in net assets was (\$4,870,898). Under the fund accounting model, the change in fund balance was \$(3,509,775). The primary reasons for these differences involve capital costs and debt service transactions. For Further details, see the reconciliation on pages 19 and 20.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis introduces the School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

#### **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement #34 requires that reporting financial status take place in a district-wide format. The School's annual report includes two such district-wide financial statements, which provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these district-wide statements is the <u>Statement of Net Assets</u>. This is a school-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the overall financial position of the School is

improving or deteriorating. In addition to the financial information provided in this report, evaluation of the overall health of the School would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, the continued financial support of the State and Federal governments, and the condition of the School's infrastructure.

The second district-wide statement is the <u>Statement of Activities</u>. This statement reports how the School's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current revenues and expenditures are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose for the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the School's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the School's taxpayers.

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish government activities of the School that are principally supported by State and Federal sources, intergovernmental revenues, such as operating grants, and revenue from the local tax levy. Fiduciary activities, such as those for which the accounting occurs in the trust and agency fund, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund the School programs.

The district-wide financial statements are presented on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related law and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the School's most significant funds rather than the School as a whole. Major funds are reported separately while all others are combined in a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report. The School has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide statements, the governmental fund statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of resources available for spending. These statements illustrate short-term fiscal accountability in the use of such resources and the balances of such resources at the end of the fiscal year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of such resources for the near-term.

Since the district-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance have been reconciled in the notes to the financial statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the supplemental financial statements for the General Fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate regulatory compliance with the School's adopted and final revised budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 15 through 16 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> such as the scholarship accounts, extra-classroom activity balances and other payroll withholdings are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the district-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund school programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Notes to Financial Statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 21 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also includes supplementary information beginning on page 40.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net assets at fiscal year end are \$10,545,489. This represents a \$4,870,898 decrease from last year's net assets of \$15,416,387. The following table provides a summary of the School's net assets:

#### Summary of Net Assets

	06/30/10	06/30/09
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,097,346	\$ 20,743,027
Capital Assets	36,846,277	<u>33,516,295</u>
Total Assets	\$ 52,943,623	\$ 54,259,322
Current Liabilities	\$ 11,351,405	\$ 12,412,311
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>31,046,729</u>	26,430,624
Total Liabilities	42,398,134	38,842,935
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	19,876,277	14,501,295
Restricted	604,734	620,057
Unrestricted	(9,935,522)	295,035
Total Net Assets	10,545,489	15,416,387
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 52,943,623	\$ 54,259,322

The following table and supporting graphs provide a summary of revenues, expenses and net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010:

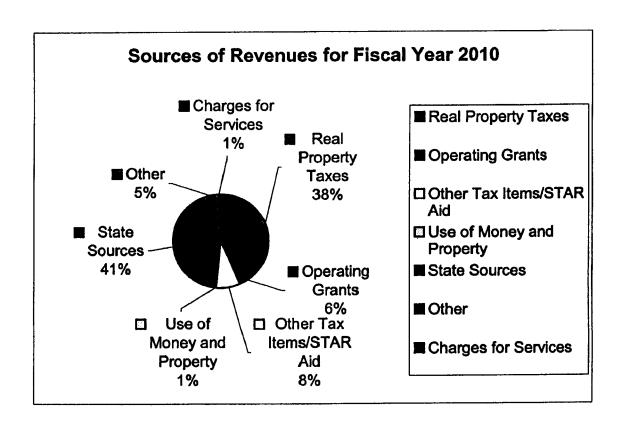
# Statement of Activities Summary of Changes in Net Assets

			%
Revenues:	06/30/10	06/30/09	Change
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	<b>\$</b> 342,660	\$ 352,074	-2.7%
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,169,593	1,849,208	17.3%
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	14,479,869	14,428,019	0.4%
School Tax Relief (STAR)	3,119,412	3,379,321	-7.7%
State Formula Aid	15,969,380	17,403,082	-8.2%
Use of Money and Property	308,482	283,461	8.8%
Miscellaneous	2,027,597	1,118,692	81.2%
Total Revenues:	38,416,993	38,813,857	-1.0%
Expenses:			
General Government Support	3,532,817	3,601,564	-1.9%
Instruction	21,403,720	20,896,986	2.4%
Pupil Transportation	1,868,181	1,714,645	9.0%
Community Services	18,660	15,922	17.2%
Employee Benefits	8,664,401	7,985,697	8.5%
Employee Benefits, OPEB GASB 45	6,452,829	6,196,208	4.1%
Debt Service - Interest	952,656	927,704	2.7%
Cost of Sales - food	394,627	370,632	6.5%
Total Expenses:	43,287,891	41,709,358	3.8%
Increase (decrease) in Net Assets:	(4,870,898)	(2,895,501)	68.2%
Beginning Net Assets	15,416,387	18,311,888	
Ending Net Assets	\$ 10,545,489	\$ 15,416,387	

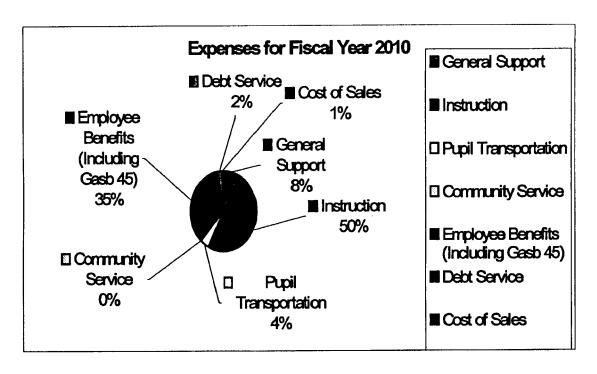
Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$38,416,993 while total expenses equaled \$43,287,891. Therefore, the decrease in net assets for governmental activities was \$4,870,898 in 2010. The District's financial condition can be credited to:

- The Board of Education reaches out to all residents through an active web site, presenting our budget at convenient community locations, and encouraging community input at Board of Education meetings;
- The Audit Committee meets monthly to review and discuss financial documents and, where required, recommends those documents to the full Board of Education for review and approval;

- The Board of Education continually reviews board policies on fiscal management and internal controls and updates them for adherence to applicable laws;
- Internal controls include training for the claims auditor. The claims auditor matches all
  vendor payment claims and supporting documentation against the warrant report and
  indicates approval with a signature. Additionally, the claims auditor submits a monthly
  report of findings to the Board and meets with the audit committee;
- Bank statements are current and necessary documentation is maintained with the statements. The Audit Committee and Board of Education are provided with a current Treasurer's Report each month;
- Health insurance and other employee benefits are reviewed monthly to insure benefits are limited to only participants contractually entitled to such benefits;
- Submitted payrolls are reviewed for accuracy, which includes verifying contractual rates of pay to insure no unnecessary spending and payment. Substitutes are utilized only when necessary;
- Grants are reviewed to verify all expenditures, including payroll and benefits, are paid properly from these grants;
- Termination of employees is documented and unemployment claims are monitored closely;
- The District continues to manage expenditures through the solicitation of competitive bids and requests for proposal. The District also participates in state contract purchasing through the NYS Office of General Services and competitive bidding with St. Lawrence BOCES; and
- Equipment and computers purchased are tracked using a computerized inventory control system.
- During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District implemented GASB45 which requires the District to calculate and report the present value of the future liability for retiree health insurance costs. The District hired an actuary to calculate the liability which is reported in the Statement of Net Assets at \$12,649,037.
- The Board of Education continually supports professional development in fiscal management and recently appointed a Certified Public Accountant as the District Treasurer.



Revenue Source	Amount
Real Property Taxes	\$ 14,479,869
Operating Grants	2,169,593
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	3,119,412
Use of Money and Property	308,482
State Sources	15,969,380
Other	2,027,597
Charges for Services	342,660
•	\$ 38,416,993



Amount
\$ 3,532,817
21,403,720
1,868,181
18,660
15,117,230
952,656
394,627
\$ 43,287,891

#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As discussed, the School's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that focuses on the short-term, inflow and outflow of resources available for spending. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the School District consist of the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2010, was \$36,846,277 which represents an increase of 9.9% from the 2009 balances. The capital assets include renovation of district infrastructure in accordance with the District's 5-year Capital Facilities Plan consisting of health and safety renovations, equipment upgrades and other alterations, renovations, and improvements to Cumberland Head Elementary School and the Main Building (K-12 facilities), at a total estimated cost not to exceed \$6,655,455.

# CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	2010	2009	% Change
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 73,608 4,595,031	\$ 73,608 732,003	0.0% 527.7%
Depreciable Assets:			
Buildings	29,998,316	30,647,246	-2.1%
Machinery and Equipment	2,179,322	2,063,438	5.6%
TOTAL	\$ 36,846,277	\$ 33,516,295	9.9%

#### Long Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$26,713,900 in long-term debt outstanding. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities and Bond Anticipation Notes are presented in Notes 2 and 7 to the financial statements.

	 2010	 2009	% Change
Compensated Absences	\$ 3,547,692	\$ 3,264,416	8.7%
Bonds Payable	16,970,000	19,015,000	-10.8%
Other Post Employment Benefits	12,649,037	6,196,208	100.0%
, ,	\$ 33,166,729	\$ 28,475,624	16.5%

#### Factors Bearing on the Future of District

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District faces the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Condition of State's financial health and the impact this condition will have on state aid.
- Potential increases in the employer's contribution to the Teacher's Retirement System and the Employee Retirement System.
- Increasing cost of health insurance premiums.
- Continued reductions in funding from Federal and State Grants
- Increased number of retirees receiving benefits for longer period of time.

#### Contacting the Financial Managers of the School

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the School's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report, or would like to request additional information, please contact:

Beekmantown Central School District Offices Attn: Scott A. Amo, Superintendent 37 Eagle Way, West Chazy, NY 12992-2577 (518) 563-8250 Ext 5501

# STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 and 2009

ASSETS		2010		2009
Cash:	\$	13,150,656	\$	18,309,234
Unrestricted Restricted	•	194,276	Ψ	251,748
Restricted Receivables:		137,270		201,740
Accounts Receivable		3,926		19,927
Due from Other Funds		92,826		74,182
State and Federal Aid Receivable		1,911,787		1,464,483
Due from Other Governements		696,580		593,655
Inventories		47,295		29,798
Capital Assets, Net		36,846,277		33,516,295
Total Assets	\$	52,943,623	\$	54,259,322
LIABILITIES				
Payables:			_	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	162,340	\$	1,381,310
Accounts Payable-Retained Percentage		91,936		7,601
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable		7,704,465		7,647,774
Due to Other Governments		45,286		270
Deferred Revenues/Other Liabilities		-		6,823
Long-Term Liabilities				
Due and payable within one year:				0.045.000
Bonds Payable - Current		2,120,000		2,045,000
Compensated Absences		106,790		95,569
Due to Teacher's Retirement System		1,026,069		1,171,198
Due to Employee Retirement System		94,519		56,766
Due and payable after one year:				40.070.000
Bonds Payable - Non-Current		14,850,000		16,970,000
Compensated Absences Payable		3,547,692		3,264,416
Other post employment benefits		12,649,037		6,196,208
Total Liabilities		42,398,134		38,842,935
NET ASSETS		40.070.077		44 504 005
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		19,876,277		14,501,295
Restricted:		004 704		600.057
Debt Service		604,734		620,057
Unrestricted		(9,935,522)		295,035
Total Net Assets		10,545,489	-	15,416,387
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	52,943,623	\$	54,259,322

BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

		2	2010		2009
		PROGRAM REVENUES	REVENUES	NET (EXPENSE)	NET (EXPENSE)
				REVENUE AND	REVENUE AND
Functions/		<b>CHARGES FOR</b>	OPERATING	CHANGES IN	CHANGES IN
Programs	EXPENSES	SERVICES	GRANTS	<b>NET ASSETS</b>	NET ASSETS
General Support	\$ (3,532,817)	•	\$ 493,724	\$ (3,039,093)	\$ (3,144,263)
Instruction	(21,403,720)	•	1,675,869	(19,727,851)	(19,505,079)
Pupil Transportation	(1,868,181)	•	•	(1,868,181)	(1,714,645)
Community Service	(18,660)	•	ı	(18,660)	(15,922)
Employee Benefits	(15,117,230)	•	•	(15,117,230)	(14,181,905)
Debt Service	(952,656)	•	•	(952,656)	(927,704)
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)	(394,627)	342,660	•	(51,967)	(18,558)
Total Functions					
and Programs	\$ (43,287,891)	\$ 342,660	\$ 2,169,593	(40,775,638)	(39,508,076)
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes				14.479.869	14.428.019
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid				3,119,412	3,379,321
Charges for services				120,412	21,493
Use of Money and Property				308,482	283,461
Sale of Property and Compensation for I	ion for Loss			6,024	1,037
Miscellaneous				431,895	613,115
State Sources				15,969,380	17,403,082
Federal Sources				1,469,266	483.047
<b>Total General Revenues</b>				35,904,740	36,612,575
Change in Net Assets				(4,870,898)	(2,895,501)
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year	g of Year			15,416,387	18,311,888
Total Net Assets - End of Year	aar			\$ 10.545.489	\$ 15.416.387
					·>>'>- '>- '-

BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2010 and 2009

2009 TOTAL	6	76 251,748		1,7	<b>95</b> 29,798	1,464,483	80 593,655	57 \$ 22,396,964		40 \$ 1,381,310		65 7,647,774	11 1,653,937	86 270	69 1,171,198	19 56,766	90 95,569	6,823	12,021,248				32 770,474		55 218,500	21 33,248	1,530,277	34 620,057				41 10,375,716	57 \$ 22,396,964	
2010 TOTAL	\$ 13,150,656	194,276	3,926	3,108,237	47,295	1,911,787	696,51	\$ 19,112,757		\$ 162,340	91,936	7,704,465	3,015,411	45,286	1,026,069	94,519	106,790		12,246,816				439,532	47,295	160,955	33,321	1,561,164	604,734	ļ	2,750,000	1,268,940	6,865,9	\$ 19,112,757	
Debt Service	9	•	•	634,676	•	•	•	\$ 634,676		•	•	•	29,942	•	•	•	•	•	29,942				•	•	•	•	•	604,734		•	•	604,734	\$ 634,676	
Capital Projects	\$ 2,937,444	•	•	•	•	1	•	\$ 2,937,444		, \$	91,936	7,704,465	785,084	•	•	•	1	•	8,581,485				46,941	•	•	•	•	•		•	(5,690,982)	(5,644,041)	\$ 2,937,444	
Special Revenue	\$ 575,609	Ī	1,222	305,176	47,295	570,439	•	\$ 1,499,741		\$ 23,792	•	•	1,501,354	274	•	•	•	•	1,525,420				115,160	47,295	•	•	•	•		•	(188,134)	(25,679)	\$ 1,499,741	
General Fund	\$ 9,637,603	194,276	2,704	2,168,385	•	1,341,348	696,580	\$ 14,040,896		\$ 138,548	•	•	699,031	45,012	1,026,069	94,519	106,790	1	2,109,969				277,431	•	160,955	33,321	1,561,164	•		2,750,000	7,148,056	11,930,927	\$ 14,040,896	
ASSETS	Unrestricted Cash	Restricted Cash	Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Inventories	State & Federal Aid Receivable	Due from Other Governments	Total Assets	LIABILITIES	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	Accounts Payable - Retained Percentage	Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	Due to Other Funds	Due to Other Governments	Due to Teachers' Retirement System	Due to Employees' Retirement System	Compensated Absences	Deferred Revenue	Total Liabilities	FUND EQUITY	Fund Balances:	Reserved for:	Encumbrances	Inventories	Tax Certiorari	Unemployment Insurance	Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	Retirement of long-term debt	Unreserved Funds:	Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures	Undesignated	Total Fund Equity	Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	

BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

						2010	2009	60
	General	Special Revenue	Capital	ital acts	Debt Service	TOTAL	TOTAL	A
REVENUES								
Real Property Taxes	\$ 14,479,869	·	s		•	\$ 14,479,869	\$ 14,	14,428,019
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	3,119,412	•		•	•	3,119,412	'n	3,379,321
Charges for Services	120,412	•		1	•	120,412		21,493
Use of Money and Property	267,475	578		,	40,429	308,482	••	283,461
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	6,024	•			•	6,024		1,037
Miscellaneous	369,578	990'89			4,251	431,895		613,115
State Sources	15,969,380	323,479			•	16,292,859	17,	17,741,728
Federal Sources	1,469,266	1,790,492			•	3,259,758	-	1,941,613
Surplus Food	•	55,622			•	55,622		51,996
Sales (School Lunch)	•	342,660		•	•	342,660		352,074
Total Revenues	35,801,416	2,570,897		.	44,680	38,416,993	38,	38,813,857
EXPENDITURES							•	
General Support	3,052,824	340,240			•	3,383,064	,	3,414,38/
Instruction	19,548,114	1,360,007		•	•	20,908,121	50	20,316,589
Pupil Transportation	1,594,689	•			•	1,594,689	ř	1,437,156
Community Service	18,660	•		•	•	18,660		15,922
Employee Benefits	7,864,585	516,540		•	•	8,381,125	~	7,813,254
Debt Service	361,862	1			2,954,901	3,316,763	ฑ์	3,202,766
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)	•	394,627			•	394,627		370,632
Capital Outlay	•	•		4,238,826		4,238,826	+	1,637,281
Total Expenditures	32,440,734	2,611,414		4,238,826	2,954,901	42,245,875	88	38,207,987
OTHER SOURCES AND USES  Road Anticipation Notes Redeemed From Appropriations	•	•	G.	319 107	•	319.107		305 062
Interfund Transfers In	•	•			2.894.898	2.894,898	2	2.663,144
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(2,724,959)	•	(1	(169,939)	•	(2,894,898)	(2,	(2,663,144)
Total Other Sources and (Uses)	(2,724,959)	•	<del>-</del>    -	149,168	2,894,898	319,107		305,062
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	635,723	(40,517)		(4,089,658)	(15,323)	(3,509,775)		910,932
Fund Equity, Beginning of Year	11,295,204	14,838		(1,554,383)	620,057	10,375,716	ď	9,464,784
Fund Equity, End of Year	\$ 11,930,927	\$ (25,679)		\$ (5,644,041)	\$ 604,734	\$ 6,865,941	\$ 10,	10,375,716

**EXHIBIT 5** 

### STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2010 and 2009

			 2010	 2009
	Private pose Trust	 Agency	Total	Total
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 25,165	\$ 206,568	\$ 231,733	\$ 218,618
Total Assets	\$ 25,165	\$ 206,568	\$ 231,733	\$ 218,618
LIABILITIES				
Due to Governmental Funds Extraclassroom Activities Balances Other Liabilities	\$ - -	\$ 92,826 113,742	\$ 92,826 113,742 -	\$ 74,182 112,518 2,438
Total Liabilities	 	 206,568	 206,568	189,138
NET ASSETS				
Reserved for Scholarships	 25,165		 25,165	 29,480
Total Net Assets	 25,165	 <u> </u>	 25,165	 29,480
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 25,165	\$ 206,568	\$ 231,733	\$ 218,618

**EXHIBIT 6** 

25,482

29,480

29,480

25,165

#### STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS **FIDUCIARY FUNDS** Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010 Private Purpose Trust			2009
ADDITIONS				Private pose Trust
Gifts and Contributions Investment Earnings	\$	14,280 65	\$	20,345 103
Total Additions			20,448	
DEDUCTIONS				
Scholarships and awards	***************************************	18,660	<del></del>	16,450
Total Deductions		18,660		16,450
Changes in Net Assets		(4,315)		3,998

Net Assets, Beginning of Year

Net Assets, End of Year

BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS TOTALS	\$ 13,150,656 194,276 3,926 92,826 1,911,787 696,580 47,295 36,846,277 \$ 52,943,623	\$ 162,340 91,936 7,704,465 - 45,286 1,026,069 94,519 16,970,000 3,654,482 12,649,037 42,398,134	10,545,489
RECLASSIFICATION AND ELIMINATIONS	(3,015,411)	(3,015,411)	(3,015,411)
SEC E	φ φ	φ	<b>60</b>
LONG-TERM ASSETS, LIABILITIES	36,846,277 36,846,277	16,970,000 3,547,692 12,649,037 33,166,729	3,679,548
ן בי צ	မှာ မှာ	•	ø
TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUNDS	13,150,656 194,276 3,926 3,108,237 1,911,787 696,580 47,295	162,340 91,936 7,704,465 3,015,411 45,286 1,026,069 94,519 -	6,865,941
8	φ ω	υ	<b>6</b>
	Asserts Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds State & Federal Aid Receivable Due from Other Governments Inventories Capital Assets, Net	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Accounts Payable - Retainage Percentage Bond Anticipation Notes Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Due to Teacher's Retirement System Bunds Payable Compensated Absences Other post employment benefits Total Liabilities	FUND EQUITY/NET ASSETS Total Fund Equity/ Net Assets Total Liabilities and Fund Equity/ Net Assets

BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	TOTAL	LONG-TERM	CAPITAL	LONG-TERM F	RECLASSIFICATION	STATEMENT OF
	GOVERNIMENT	REVENUE	RELATED	DEBT	AND	ACTIVITIES TOTALS
KEVENUES.	LUNDS	EAPENDED	CMI	NOTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	ELIMINATIONS	
Real Property Taxes	\$ 14,479,869	, s	S	·	·	\$ 14,479,869
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	3,119,412	•	•	•	•	3,119,412
Charges for Services	120,412	•	•	•	•	120,412
Use of Money and Property	308,482	,	•	•	•	308,482
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		•		•	•	6,024
Miscellaneous	4	•	•	•	•	431,895
State Sources	16,292,859	•	•	•	•	16,292,859
Federal Sources	3,259,758	•	•	•	•	3,259,758
Surplus Food	55,622	•	1	•	•	55,622
Sales (School Lunch)	342,660	•	•	•	•	342,660
Total Revenues	38,416,993	,	•		•	38,416,993
EXPENDITURES						
General Support	3,393,064	•	139,753	•	•	3,532,817
Instruction	20,908,121	•	495,599	•	•	21,403,720
Pupil Transportation	1,594,689	•	273,492	•	•	1,868,181
Community Service	18,660	•	•	•	•	18,660
Employee Benefits	8,381,125	•	٠	6,736,105	•	15,117,230
Debt Service	3,316,763	•	•	(2,045,000)	(319,107)	952,656
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)	394,627	•	•	•	•	394,627
Capital Outlay	4,238,826	•	(4,238,826)	•	•	•
Total Expenditures	42,245,875	٠	(3,329,982)	4,691,105	(319,107)	43,287,891
OTHER SOURCES AND USES						
<b>Bond Anticipation Notes Redeemed</b>	319,107	•	•	•	(319,107)	•
Operating Transfers In	2,894,898	•	•	•	(2,894,898)	•
Operating Transfers (Out)	(2,894,898)		•	•	2,894,898	•
Total Other Sources and Uses	319,107		•		(319,107)	•
Net Change for the Year	\$ (3,509,775)		\$ 3,329,982	\$ (4,691,105)	•	\$ (4,870,898)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The general purpose financial statements of Beekmantown Central School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>: The Beekmantown Central School District Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to the District. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The general-purpose financial statements include all funds of the District as well as the component units and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity

- B. Extraclassroom Activity Funds The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Fiduciary Funds of the District. Separate audited general financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found attached to the general-purpose financial statements.
- C. <u>Joint Venture</u> The Beekmantown Central School District is one of 17 component school districts in the Clinton/Essex/Warren/Washington Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation. In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital cost. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District was billed \$3,808,465 for BOCES administrative and program cost and received \$875,848 representing the District's share of BOCES income.

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

#### D. Basis of presentation

#### 1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of good or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Functional Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Beekmantown Central School District elects to report all governmental funds as major funds.

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental funds are those funds used to account for, and report, the operations of the District. The acquisition, use and balances of financial resources and related assets and liabilities are reported

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

therein. The measurement focus is the determination of changes in financial position rather than net income determination. The following funds and aggregate governmental fund types are employed in accounting for and reporting District operations:

General Fund - the general fund is the principal operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following funds:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u> - used to account for Federal and State special program activities.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>- used to account for transactions for the District food service programs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - the capital projects funds are to account for and report financial resources to be used for acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities, or equipment.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – the debt service fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repairs of capital facilities.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u>: Fiduciary fund types consist of Expendable and Nonexpendable Trust and Agency Funds and are used to account for and report assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized by estimating how much will be collected during the ensuing fiscal year. Revenue from grants and donations is

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within the subsequent fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for:

- Prepaids and inventory-type items are recognized at the time of purchase.
- b. Principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due.
- c. Compensated absences, such as sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.
- d. Pension costs are recognized as an expenditure when billed by the state.
- e. The District recognizes the cost of providing post retirement health insurance coverage and survivor benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid.
- F. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.
- G. <u>Inventories</u>: Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of items (which could be inventoried) in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- H. Compensated Absences: The liability for compensated absences is calculated at rates in effect as of the balance sheet date and is recorded in the governmental funds in as much as it will be funded from current financial resources, and the general long-term debt account group for amounts to be paid from future financial resources. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.
- I. <u>Capital Assets</u>: Acquisitions of equipment and capital facilities are treated as expenditures in the various funds of the District, and are capitalized when cost of acquisition exceeds \$1,500. The assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

- J. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>: Deferred revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability of deferred revenues is removed and revenues are recognized.
- K. <u>Deferred Compensation</u>: Employees of the District may elect to participate in an Employees Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, usually after retirement.
- L. <u>Post-Employment Benefits</u>: In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is paid by the District or is shared between the District and the retired employee, depending on length of service and/or classification of employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums for retirees and their dependents as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the General Fund in the year paid.
- M. <u>Property Taxes</u>: Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Clinton. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes is transmitted to the county for enforcement and is paid by the county to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1st.
- N. <u>Fund Balance</u>: Reservations of fund balances are created to either satisfy legal restrictions or to plan for future expenditures. A designation of unreserved fund balances in governmental funds indicates the planned use of these resources in the subsequent year's budget. The following is a description of the reserves utilized by the District.

Reserve for Inventories - This reserve is used to limit the investment on inventory and to restrict that portion of fund balance, which is unavailable for appropriation. This reserve is accounted for in the School Lunch Fund.

Reserve for Encumbrances - This reserve represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year to be potentially expended in the subsequent year. This reserve is accounted for in the governmental fund types.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The cost of construction contract commitments generally is recorded as an encumbrance of Capital Funds and is presented as a reserve for encumbrances. These committed amounts generally will become liabilities in future periods as the construction work is performed by the contractors. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Reserve for Tax Certiorari – Section 3651 of the Education Law permits the establishment of a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend monies from the fund without voter approval of the qualified voters of the school district. The total of the monies held in the reserve fund shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any monies deposited to such a reserve fund which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the general fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Reserve for Unemployment Insurance - This reserve is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the employer elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess of funds over a sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability – This reserve is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### A. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

1. <u>Budget Policies</u> - The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental fund types: General Fund

The voters within the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program level.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

2. <u>Budget Basis of Accounting</u> - Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The budget and actual comparison for the General Fund, included in the Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual, reflects budgeted and actual amounts for funds with legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

#### **Events Occurring After Reporting Date**

The District has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2010 and August 16, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources of the governmental funds.

A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net assets of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differs from "net assets" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Assets versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

Original cost of capital assets	\$ 50,099,193
Accumulated depreciation	13,252,916
Capital assets, net	\$ 36,846,277

Because the governmental funds focus on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in the fund balance. They are, however, included in the net assets of the governmental activities. As of June 30, 2010 the District did not have any assets unavailable to pay for current-period expenditures.

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statements of Net Assets, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year-end were:

Bonds payable and other long-term debt	\$ 16,970,000
Compensated absences	3,547,692
Other post employment benefits	12,649,037
	\$ 33,166,729

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities.

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

#### 1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### 2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

#### 3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur as a result of proceeds from serial bonds reflected as revenue in governmental funds whereas they are a liability on the statement of net assets. Also both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal

payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Following are reconciliations of revenues and expenditures Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities.

#### 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Other post-employment benefits occur because retiree health insurance premiums are paid and recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements as incurred. GASB 45 requires an actuarial calculation of the future liability and to record the Net OPEB Obligation in the Statement of Net Assets.

#### Revenues:

Total Revenue reported in Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 38,416,993
Differences did not exist in revenue reporting for the current year	 •
Total Revenues Statement of Activities	\$ 38,416,993
Expenditures:	
Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 42,245,875
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Compensated absences earned exceeded	
the amount used during the year. (Exhibit 8)	283,276

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense was less than capital expenditures in the current year. (Exhibit 8)

(3,329,982)

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets, and does not effect the Statement of Activities, (Exhibit 8)

(2,045,000)

The payment of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) is recorded in the governmental funds as expenditures when incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the current cost plus the actuarial cost of future benefits are combined and recognized as an expense. This is the amount by which the Annual OPEB Cost exceeded the premiums paid.

6,452,829

Transfers to Debt Service Fund are an expenditure in the General Fund and other income in the Debt Service Fund. A reclassifying entry to offset these amounts reduces both expenditures and other sources of income on the Statement of Activities. (Exhibit 8)

(319,107)

Total expenses of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ 43,287,891

#### Note 4. Cash and investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statues and the District's own written policy. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposits. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities and Districts.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 4. Cash and Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2010, the District's bank balances totaled \$14,746,123, of which, \$750,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$13,996,123 was covered by collateral held by the pledging banks in the District's name.

#### Note 5. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances and activity at June 30, 2010 and for the fiscal year then ended, were as follows:

Fund Type	F	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable		Interfund Revenues		Interfund Expenditures		
General	\$	2,168,385	\$	699,031	\$	-	\$	2,724,959		
Capital		-		785,084		-		169,939		
Special Revenue:										
School Lunch		101,440		471,928		-		•		
Special Aid		203,736		1,029,426		-		•		
Debt Service		634,676		29,942		2,894,898		-		
Trust and Agency	-	•		92,826		-		_		
Total	_\$_	3,108,237	\$	3,108,237	\$	2,894,898	\$	2,894,898		

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Assets.

The District typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund, where it makes principal and interest payments on the District's bonds.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 6. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	June 30, 2009 Balance			Additions		Retirements/ Reclassifications		June 30, 2010 Balance	
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets that									
are not Depreciated:									
Land	\$	73,608	\$	-	\$	- (	\$	73,608	
Construction in Progress		732,003		3,863,028		•		4,595,031	
Total Nondepreciable Historical Cost	\$	805,611	\$	3,863,028	\$	•	\$	4,668,639	
Capital Assets that									
are Depreciated:									
Buildings		40,678,666		47,975		-		40.726,641	
Machinery and Equipment		4,490,898		480,523		(267,508)		4,703,913	
Total Depreciable Historical Cost		45,169,564		528,498		(267,508)		45,430,554	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:									
Buildings		10,031,420		696,905		•		10,728,325	
Machinery and Equipment		2,427,460		364,639		(267,508)		2,524,591	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		12,458,880		1,061,544		(267,508)		13,252,916	
Total Depreciable Historical Cost, Net	\$	32,710,684	\$	(533,046)	\$			32,177,638	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	33,516,295	\$_	3,329,982	\$	- 5		36,846,277	

#### Note 7. Indebtedness

#### Short-term Debt:

Bond Anticipation Notes – Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the Issuance of the bonds. Such notes may be classified as long-term debt when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance-sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. Although the District's bus purchase BANs mature in one year, each year the School District pays only one-fifth of the original amount of the BAN and renews the balance due so that the entire amount is paid off in five years. The School District has five BANs as described above. The interest rates on these BANs range from 1.87% to 2.55%. These BANs had an outstanding balance of \$1,049,010 at June 30, 2010. The two remaining BANs are for a construction project.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

#### **BANs Outstanding:**

Payee	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Purpose	Balance 06/30/10
Glens Falls National Bank and Trust Company	1.87%	08/05/09	08/05/10	Bus Purchases	\$ 375,798
Glens Falls National Bank and Trust Company	1.87%	08/11/09	08/10/10	Bus Purchases	60,040
Glens Falls National Bank and Trust Company	2.25%	07/14/09	07/13/10	Bus Purchases	123,445
TD Bank, N.A.	2.49%	02/13/10	02/11/11	Bus Purchases	206,605
TD Bank, N.A.	2.19%	08/28/09	08/27/10	Bus Purchases	283,122
Cede & Co.	1.00%	05/06/10	07/16/10	Construction	6,055,455
TD Bank, N.A.	2.19%	10/06/09	07/08/10	Construction	600,000
				;	\$ 7,704,465

Interest expense on the District's BAN obligations amounted to \$133,587 for 2009-2010.

<u>Long-term Debt</u>: On June 15, 2004, the District issued long-term serial bonds in the amount of \$27,875,000 to finance its district-wide renovation project. Interest expense on the District's bond obligations amounted to \$819,069 for 2009-2010.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

### Long-term debt:

	Balance 06/30/09	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/10
Serial Bonds	\$ 19,015,000	\$ •	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 16,970,000
Compensated Absences	3,264,416	 283,276	-	3,547,692
Total	\$ 22,279,416	\$ 283,276	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 20,517,692

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

Long-term Debt is comprised of the following:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate		Outstanding at 6/30/10
Serial Bond	06/15/04	06/15/20	Various	s	4,740,000
Serial Bond	06/15/04	06/15/17	Various	•	5,380,000
Serial Bond	06/15/04	06/15/16	Various		6,850,000
Total				\$	16,970,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for General Obligation Bonds, Notes and other long-term debt:

Principal	Interest		Total
2,120,000	739,694		2,859,694
2,200,000	•		2,854,793
2,285,000	•		2,848,994
2,370,000	469,681		2,839,681
2,460,000	371,300		2,831,300
5,535,000	554,963		6,089,963
\$16,970,000	\$ 3,354,425	\$	20,324,425
	2,120,000 2,200,000 2,285,000 2,370,000 2,460,000 5,535,000	2,120,000 739,694 2,200,000 654,793 2,285,000 563,994 2,370,000 469,681 2,460,000 371,300 5,535,000 554,963	2,120,000 739,694 2,200,000 654,793 2,285,000 563,994 2,370,000 469,681 2,460,000 371,300 5,535,000 554,963

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 8. Post-Employment Benefits

The District provides post employment (health insurance, etc) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. Post employment benefits aggregating \$1,845,442 for 184 employees were charged to expenses/ expenditures in the Governmental Funds in the current year.

The District implemented GASB Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions, in the school year ended June 30, 2010. This required the District to calculate and record a net other post-employment benefit obligation at year-end. The net other post-employment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The District has obtained an actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2008, updated for June 30, 2010, which indicates that the total liability for other post employment benefits is \$12,649,037, which is reflected in the Statement of Net Assets.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

	06/30/10	06/30/09	06/30/08
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 8,401,223 247,848 (350,800) 8,298,271 (1,845,442) 6,452,829 6,196,208 \$ 12,649,037	\$ 7,888,352 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Annual OPEB Cost Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed Net OPEB Obligation at end of year	\$ 8,298,271 22.2% \$ 12,649,037	\$ 7,888,352 21.5% \$ 6,196,208	\$ - N/A \$ -

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 8. Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Funding Status and Funding Progress: As of June 30, 2010, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$77,313,675, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll for all active employees was \$17,920,794, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 431.4%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financials statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees – Retirement age was based on the experience under the NYS & Local Retirement System.

Marital status – It is assumed that 70% of retirees will be married at the time of their retirement.

Mortality – Life expectancies were based on The RP-2000 Mortality Table for males and females.

Turnover – Turnover was based on the experience under the NYS & Local Retirement System.

Healthcare cost trend rate – The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was initially set at 11.0% and reduced to 5.0% after 12 years.

Discount rate - A 4% discount was used.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over a level period of 30 years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 28 years.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 9. Pension Plans

<u>Pension Plans</u>: Beekmantown Central School District participates in the New York State and local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

### Pension Plan Description:

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (TRS) is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The Report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) provides retirement and death benefits as well as disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The Report may be obtained by writing to The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, Gov. Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, NY 12244.

### **Funding Policies**

Plan members who joined the System before July 27, 1976 are not required to make contributions. Those members joining after July 27, 1976 who have less than 10 years service or membership are required to contribute three percent (3%) of their annual salary. For the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, rates are established annually for TRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, currently, 6.19% for TRS based on the annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Rates applicable to the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were 7.63% and 8.73%, respectively.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 9. Pension Plans (continued)

The required and actual contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

Year	ERS	TRS
2010	\$ 227,063	\$ 1,162,608
2009	\$ 292,182	• • •
2008	\$ 265,656	\$ 1,268,545
	Ψ 200,000	\$ 1.209.078

The District's contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year.

### Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

Risk Financing and Related Insurance - The Beekmantown Central School District is exposed to the risk of various types of loss which includes torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees and students. These risks, and settled claims, are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District incurs costs related to an employee health insurance plan (Plan) sponsored by Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the Plan as direct insurer of the risk reinsured. The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

The District is a defendant in certain lawsuits arising out of the ordinary course of business. While the outcome of lawsuits and other proceedings against the District cannot be predicted with certainty, the District does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

The District has received Federal and State Aid/Grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the Federal and State governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds to the Federal and State governments. The District

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

### Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

believes disallowances, not previously provided for, if any, will be immaterial.

Operating Leases - The District leases property and equipment under operating leases. Total rental expenditures on such leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 were approximately \$61,146.

Estimated future rents to be paid under this lease are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2011	60,006
Total	\$ 60,006

<u>Litigation</u> – The District is aware of various petitions for tax certiorari proceedings which if successful would expose the district to significant tax refunds to the landowners. A reserve for tax certiorari is established and funded for \$160,955. The District is aware of petitions totaling \$85,884.

### Note 11. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The District's undesignated general fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The undesignated fund balance at June 30, 2010 was \$7,148,056, which represents 19.1% of next year's budget. The excess amounted to \$5,649,726.

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$5,644,041. This will be funded as the General Fund transfers monies to the Capital Projects Fund to make the principal payments on the outstanding BANs and with the issuance of Bonds.

### Note 12. Prior Period Information

Comparative prior period information has been presented in summary form. This information was derived from the District's June 30, 2009 financial statements, and in our report dated November 2, 2009, we expressed an unqualified opinion.

# Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2010 and 2009

ASSETS	Special Aid	School Lunch	2010 Total	2009 Total
Unrestricted Cash Account Receivable State and Federal Aid Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventories Total Assets	\$ 287,774 \$ - 560,689 203,736 - \$ 1,052,199 \$	1,222 9,750 101,440 47,295	\$ 575,609 1,222 570,439 305,176 47,295 \$ 1,499,741	\$ 256,354 519,642 219,195 29,798 \$ 1,024,989
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				1,024,303
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Deferred Revenue Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	\$ 22,773 \$ - 1,029,426 - - 1,052,199	1,019 - 471,928 <u>274</u> 473,221	\$ 23,792 - 1,501,354 - 274 - 1,525,420	\$ 25,921 6,823 977,137 270 1,010,151
Fund Balance: Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Inventories Unreserved Undesignated Total Fund Balance	115,160 - (115,160)	47,295 (72,974) (25,679)	115,160 47,295 (188,134) (25,679)	24,572 29,798 (39,532) 14,838
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,052,199 \$		1,499,741	\$ 1,024,989

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

REVENUES	Special A	id	chool unch	 2010 Total		2009 Total
Use of Money and Property Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources Surplus Foods Sales Total Revenues	\$ 300,0 1,375,7 - - - 1,675,8	798 - 	578 58,066 23,408 414,694 55,622 342,660 895,028	\$ 578 58,066 323,479 1,790,492 55,622 342,660 2,570,897	\$	1,652 33,441 338,646 1,458,566 51,996 352,074 2,236,375
EXPENDITURES  General Support Instruction  Employee Benefits  Cost of Sales  Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficit) of Revenues	1,360,00 315,86 - 1,675,86	62	340,240 - 200,678 394,627 335,545	340,240 1,360,007 516,540 394,627 2,611,414	•	312,349 1,084,382 481,890 370,632 2,249,253
over Expenditures	-		(40,517)	(40,517)		(12,878)
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund Balance, Ending	\$		14,838 25,679)	\$ 14,838 (25,679)	\$	27,716 14,838

# GENERAL FUND - SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET Year Ended June 30, 2010

Original budget

\$ 37,055,620

Additions:

Encumbrances - fiscal year 2009 Budget revisions - gifts and donations

745,902 \_\_\_17,843

Total additions

763,745

Revised budget

\$ 37,819,365

# GENERAL FUND - SCHEDULE OF USE OF FUND BALANCE As Of The Beginning Of Year Ended June 30, 2010

Unreserved fund balance, beginning of year

\$ 8,767,277

Less:

Unreserved fund balance designated for subsequent year's expenditures

1,750,000

Total unreserved undesignated fund balance, beginning of year

\$ 7,017,277

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenues:	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Current Year's Revenues	Over/ (Under) Revised
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items/STAR Aid Charges for Services Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for Lose	\$ 14,419,404 3,133,593 26,000 323,000	\$ 14.5 3,0,	₩	\$ (42,194) 88,478 94,412 (55,525)
Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources Total Revenues	5,000 130,000 17,103,623 165,000	5,000 147,843 15,803,603 1,465,020	6,024 369,578 15,969,380 1,469,266	1,024 221,735 165,777
Appropriated Fund Balance:	35,305,620	35,323,463	35,801,416	477,953
Appropriated Reserves Appropriated Fund Balance Total Unreserved Fund Balance	1,750,000	745,902 1,750,000	. ,	(745,902) (1,750,000)
1	000,007,1	2,495,902		(2,495,902)

Total Revenues, Other Sources and Unreserved Fund Balance

Expenditures:	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Current Year's Expenditures	Current Year's Expenditures Frombrands	Unencumbered
General Support:					balances
Board of Education Central Administration	\$ 20,548	\$ 20,444	\$ 17.700	247	6
Finance	218,733	219,278	216,908	<u>†</u>	2,430 2,320
Staff	370,703	367,085	327,039	1.305	38 741
Central Services	118,970	103,205	79,630	566	23,041
Special Items	2,405,133 436,680	2,839,210	2,007,461	112,826	718,923
Instructional:	000,004	406,359	404,086	•	4,273
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement	1 160 260	100			
Teaching - Regular School	10 544 840	1,095,683	1,073,790	•	21.893
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	5,042,510	10,618,788	10,374,672	108,552	135,564
Schools	0,010,00	5,196,147	4,739,314	39,626	417.157
Instructional Media	1 022 960	1,151,294	875,516	,	275.778
Pupil Service	1,032,009 1,032,009	1,159,612	1,154,085	585	4 942
Pupil Transportation	1,482,741	1,453,020	1,330,737	7,517	114 766
Community Service	966'/00'1	1,710,803	1,594,689	5.197	110 017
Employee Benefits	17,633	20,679	18,660	893	10,01
Debt Service	8,798,020	8,338,995	7,864,585	} .	1,120
Total Expenditures	3,008,388	391,804	361,862	•	014'474
	37,055,620	35,094,406	32,440,734	277.431	2 278 244
Other Uses:					1,010,241
Interfund Transfer		2,724,950	9 704 050		
ocal Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 37,055,620 \$	\$ 37,819,365	35,165,693 \$	277.431 \$	2 378 244

\$ 635,723

Excess of Revenues over Expenditures and Other Uses

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES Year Ended June 30, 2010

						•		Method	Methods of Financing		
Project Title	Original Appropriation	Original Revised Appropriation Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	(Overexpended) Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local	Total	Fund Balance
										B 2	June 30, 2010
Excel Project	\$ 6,655,455	\$ 6,655,455 \$ 6,655,455 \$		732,003 \$ 3,863,028 \$ 4,595,031 \$	\$ 4,595,031	\$ 2,060,424 \$	, 69	, 69	•	•	\$ (4,595,031)
	6,655,455	6,655,455	732,003	3,863,028	4.595.031	2.060.424					
				l		171 '000'-	.		•	•	(4,595,031)
Buses											
Buses 222-225	300,200	300,200	300,200	•	300,200	•	•	•	240.160	240 160	(60 040)
Buses 220-223	300,013	308,613	308,613	1	308,613	•	•	•	185,168	185 168	(00,040)
Buses 235-239	244,342	344,342		•	34,32	٠	•	•	137,737	137,737	(206,605)
Buses 240-243	375 798	208,505 27,875	303,9US	- 110	353,903	•	•	•	70,781	70,781	(283, 122)
<b>!</b>	3		•	3/3/88	3/2//8	•	•	•	•	•	(375,798)
	1,682,856	1,682,856	1,307,058	375,798	1,682,856				633 846	270 075	(4.0.4)
									OFO'COO	050,040	(1,049,010)
Totals	\$ 8,338,311	\$ 8,338,311 \$ 8,338,311 \$ 2,039	96	\$ 4.238.826 <b>\$</b> 6.277.887 <b>\$</b>	\$ 6277.887	\$ 2.060.424 \$					:
						Ш		•	\$ 033,846 \$	633,846 \$	5,644,041)

**4** 

# SCHEDULE OF CERTAIN REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO ST-3 DATA Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenues	Account Code	Audited Amount	_	
Property Taxes Non-Property Taxes State Aid Federal Aid Total Revenues	A - 1001 AT - 1199 AT - 3999 AT - 4999 AT - 5999	\$ 14,479,869 \$ - \$ 15,969,381 \$ 1,469,265 \$ 35,801,415	\$ - \$ 15,969,380	(1) (1) (1)
Expenditures General Support Pupil Transportation Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest Total Expenditures		\$ 3,052,824 \$ 1,594,690 \$ 319,107 \$ 42,755 \$ 35,165,693	\$ 3,052,824 \$ 1,594,689 \$ 319,107 \$ 42,755 \$ 35,165,693	(1)

### (1) Rounding

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UALL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/10	•	\$ 77,313,675	\$ 77,313,675	0%	\$ 17,920,794	431.4%
06/30/09		\$ 72,408,518	\$ 72,408,518	0%	\$ 17,430,289	415.4%

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through New York State Department of Education:			
Title I A&D Imprv Acad Achmt F/Disad	84.010A	0021-09-0480	\$ 9,812
Title I A&D Imprv Acad Achmt F/Disad	84.010A	0021-10-0480	418,028
ARRA Title I A&D Imprv Acad Achmt F/Disad	84.389A	5021-10-0480	178,536
IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.027A	0032-09-0133	13,098
IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.027A	0032-10-0133	468,686
ARRA IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.391A	5032-10-0133	134,387
IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.173A	0033-09-0133	1,072
IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.173A	0033-10-0133	7,094
ARRA IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.392A	5033-10-0133	11,080
ARRA Mentor Teachers	84.397	5663-10-0115	7,349
ARRA Education Stabilization Fund	84.394	5000-10-0510	1,261,339
Title IV - Part A, Safe and Drug-Free Schools	84.186A	0180-10-0480	8,503
Title II, Part A	84.367A	0147-10-0480	70,669
IDEA QIP Implementation	84.027A	0031-09-2842	46,354
Title II, Part D	84.318X	0292-10-0480	1,130
Total Department of Education			2,637,137
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Programs:			
Pass-through New York State Department of Education			
National School Lunch Program	10.555		326,382
School Breakfast Program	10.553		88,312
Surplus Food	10.550		55,622
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.000	•	470,316
		•	.10,010
Total Department of Agriculture			470,316
Total Federal Assistance Expended			\$ 3,107,453

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2010

### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Beekmantown Central School District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### <u>CBTT</u>

# Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

Certified Public Accountants

JACK L. CONROY, CPA MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

THOMAS R, TELLING, CPA LEO P. TROMBLEY, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of Beekmantown Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise Beekmantown Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Beekmantown Central School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the

deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, 10-2 and 10-3 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency. The finding is referenced as follows: 10-1.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beekmantown Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government *Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 10-1.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Beekmantown Central School District, in a separate letter dated August 16, 2010.

Beekmantown Central School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit Beekmantown Central School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, School Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Conroy, Boulice, Lilling & Crombby, Y.C. Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

August 16, 2010

### CBTT

# Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

JACK L. CONROY. CPA MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA Certified Public Accountants

THOMAS R. TELLING, CPA LEOP, TROMBLEY, CPA

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

### Compliance

We have audited Beekmantown Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Beekmantown Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Beekmantown Central School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Beekmantown Central School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Beekmantown Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Beekmantown Central School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Beekmantown Central School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Beekmantown Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Beekmantown Central Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through agencies and is not intended to be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Conray, Salve, Selling + Frombly, PC, Conray, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

August 16, 2010

### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2010

SECTION I - S	UMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS		
Financial State	ments		
Туре	of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified	
	al control over financial reporting:	Unqualified	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	X yes	
•	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		no
Nonco	mpliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X no
Federal Awards			<u> </u>
Interna	l control over major programs:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
<ul> <li>Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?</li> </ul>		yes	Xnone reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unqualified	
Any aud	lit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	yes	Xno
Identification of M			
CFDA Number(s)			
84.027A 84.027A 84.173A 84.391A 84.392A 84.010A 84.389A 84.394A 84.397 10.555 10.553	IDEA - Part B, Section 611 IDEA - QIP Implementation IDEA - Part B, Section 619 ARRA IDEA - Part B, Section 611 ARRA IDEA - Part B, Section 619 Title I ARRA Title I ARRA Education Stabilization Fund ARRA Mentor Teachers National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program Surplus Food		
Dollar threshold us Detween Type A ai	ed to distinguish nd Type B programs:		
	s low-risk Auditee?	\$300,000	
•	IAANOO!	yes	Xno

### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2010

### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### 10-1 Excess Fund Balance

Condition: The District's undesignated general fund balance was 19.1% of next year's budget.

Criteria: According to New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318, a district's unappropriated fund balance may not exceed an amount equal to 4% of next year's budget.

Effect: The District's undesignated general fund balance was 19.1%, or \$5,649,726, over the amount allowable by law.

Recommendation: We recommend the District keep in mind this rule when preparing the next year's budget.

Corrective Action: Management has discussed the issue with the Board of Education and is in the process of developing a multi-year financial plan to address fund balance, reserves and budgeting.

### 10-2 21 Adjusting Journal Entries

Condition: Ineffective oversight of financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance. We made 21 adjusting journal entries during the course of the audit.

Criteria: A material weakness exists when the District is not capable of closing its books and records without assistance from the independent auditor. This represents a weakness in internal controls whereby management will be unable to prevent, detect and correct a material misstatement.

Effect: Possible financial statement misstatements could go undetected.

Recommendation: Be certain that all adjusting entries are made prior to the commencement of audit field work.

Corrective Action: The District has implemented new processes for the regular review and approval of all adjusting journal entries. The process includes maintaining a detailed file system of supporting documentation for all adjusting entries. This new process resulted in a significant reduction in auditor adjusting entries. Additional work is being done to further reduce the need for year-end entries.

### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2010

### 10-3 Ability to Prepare District Financial Statements

Condition: We believe the District is not capable, at this time, of preparing financial statements that present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District due to the numerous adjusting journal entries required as discussed above.

Criteria: A material weakness exists when the District is not capable of preparing its financial statements and is unable to prevent, detect and correct a material misstatement.

Effect: Possible financial statement misstatements could go undetected.

Recommendation: We suggest the District obtain the training necessary to prepare financial statements and prevent, detect and correct any material misstatements.

Corrective Action: We understand the risk involved and accept the risk with our current staff. The Board of Education is committed to professional development for the financial management of the District. Coordination between the business manager, district treasurer, and audit committee has helped to identify and address areas for improvement in the business office. Newly established systems of control will assist accuracy and reduce the necessity for year-end adjustments.

SECTION III - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2010

### 09-5 Section 611 Grant and Section 619 Grant

Statement of Condition: Section 611 and 619 Grant vendor contracts are being issued with the requirement for final expenditure reports to be submitted to the school by July 31, 2009. These reports are not being submitted to the schools nor are they being requested.

Recommendation: Policies and procedures should be in place so that the requirements of the contracts are followed.

Current Status: Policies and procedures are in place and are being followed. Invoices for specific services are now being received before payments are issued. No similar findings were noted in the 2010 audit.

### CBTT

## Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

Certified Public Accountants

JACK L. CONROY, CPA MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

THOMAS R, TELLING, CPA LEO P. TROMBLEY, CPA

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District as of June 30, 2010, and the related statement of receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Beekmantown Central School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and minimum program procedures established by the New York State Department of Education. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District as of June 30, 2010, and its receipts, disbursements and ending balances for the year then ended, on the cash basis of accounting.

Conroy, Soulice, Telling & Trombley, AC. Conroy, Boulrice, Telling & Trombley, PC

August 16, 2010

# EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS June 30, 2010 and 2009

ASSETS		2010	 2009
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	113,742	\$ 113,205
Total Assets	\$	113,742	\$ 113,205
LIABILITIES			
Sales Tax Payable	\$	473	\$ 687
FUND BALANCE			
Extraclassroom Activity	•	113,269	 112,518
Total Fund Balance	\$ 1	113,742	\$ 113,205

59

# EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND ENDING FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Activity		Balance 6/30/09	Receipts		Disbursements			Balance 06/30/10	
Class of 2008	\$	1,734	\$	_	\$	1,734	•		
Class of 2009		4,074	•	15	Ψ	1,734	\$	4 000	
Class of 2010		9,127		17,730		22 EEC		4,089	
Class of 2011		13,996		24,162		22,556		4,301	
Class of 2012		7,704		4,085		27,871		10,287	
Class of 2013		8,586		5,944		3,097		8,692	
Class of 2014		5,955		11,760		3,697		10,833	
Class of 2015		3,255		2,756		6,473		11,242	
Class of 2016		-,200		•		1,065		4,946	
Library Club		999		13,532		10,926		2,606	
NYS Tax Account		688		4 070		110		893	
S.A.D.D.		1,547		4,276		4,491		473	
H.S. Student Council		•		1,497		1,916		1,128	
M.S. Student Council		28,545		54,469		60,004		23,010	
Varsity Club		2,967		2,972		4,450		1,489	
H.S. Yearbook Club		1,513		13,158		12,933		1,738	
Outdoor Adventure Club		8,021		19,052		13,240		13,833	
M.S. Yearbook		1,462		_ 4		343		1,123	
M.S. Drama Club		2,212		7,612		7,228		2,596	
H.S. Drama Club		2,543		1,880		1,712		2,711	
BCS Fitness Center		5,568		4,811		5,695		4,684	
Community Service Club		21		•		•		21	
National Honor Society		25		300		304		21	
Natinal Jr Honor Society		312		449		108		653	
BCS Fitness Club		•		1,805		1,791		14	
Total	•	2,351		8		-		2,359	
. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 11	3,205	\$ 1	92,281	\$ 1	91,744	\$ 1	3,742	

# EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting: The books and records of the Beekmantown Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>: The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Trust and Agency Funds of the District.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: For financial statement purposes all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.