**FINANCIAL REPORT** 

JUNE 30, 2021

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# **BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.**

**Certified Public Accountants** 

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beekmantown Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Beekmantown Central School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 13), budgetary comparison information (pages 54 & 55), Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (page 58) and Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – ERS and TRS, and Schedules of the District's Contributions - ERS and TRS (pages 59-62) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic. or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our Audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Beekmantown Central School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The Combining Non-Major Fund financial statements, Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures, and Net Investment in Capital Assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Beekmantown Central School District. The Combining Non-Major Fund financial statements, Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures, Net Investment in Capital Assets, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021, on our consideration of the Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 20, 2021

#### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

Within this section of the Beekmantown Central School District's annual financial report, the District's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the auditor's opinion letter, which precedes management's discussion and analysis.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The District ended the fiscal year with General Fund revenues of \$44,095,449. The annual General Fund expenditures and other uses totaled \$39,452,218. This means the District ended the fiscal year with an excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses totaling \$4,643,231.
- As of June 30, 2021, under the GASB 34 reporting model, the change in net position was (\$12,233,933). Under the fund accounting model, the change in fund balance was \$3,777,014. The primary reasons for these differences involve capital expenditures, other post-employment benefits, pensions, debt service transactions and bond proceeds. For further details, see the reconciliation on pages 18 and 19.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

Management's discussion and analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

### **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement #34 requires that reporting financial status take place in a district-wide format. The District's annual report includes two such district-wide financial statements, which provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these district-wide statements is the <u>Statement of Net Position</u>. This is a school-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the overall financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. In addition to the financial information provided in this report, evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, the continued financial support of the State and Federal governments, and the condition of the School's infrastructure.

The second district-wide statement is the <u>Statement of Activities</u>. This statement reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current revenues and expenditures are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose for the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's taxpayers.

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish government activities of the District that are principally supported by State and Federal sources, intergovernmental revenues, such as operating grants, and revenue from the local tax levy.

The district-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related law and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the School as a whole. Major funds are reported separately while all others are combined in a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide statements, the governmental fund statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of resources available for spending. These statements illustrate short-term fiscal accountability in the use of such resources and the balances of such resources at the end of the fiscal year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of such resources for the near-term.

Since the district-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance have been reconciled in the notes to the financial statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the supplemental financial statements for the General Fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate regulatory compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Notes to Financial Statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 20 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also includes supplementary information beginning on page 51.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2021 is \$(92,478,436). This represents a \$12,233,933 decrease from last year's net position of \$(80,244,503). The following table provides a summary of the School's net position:

#### Summary of Net Position

		Restated
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 23,067,896 55,024,747	\$ 21,934,389 56,198,283
Total Assets	78,092,643	78,132,672
Deferred Outflow of Resources	50.040.000	07 004 000
Other Post Employment Benefits	56,648,030	27,601,986
Pensions Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	12,330,875	10,705,035
Total Assets and Deletted Outlow of Resources	\$ 147,071,548	\$ 116,439,693
Current Liabilities	\$ 2,612,184	\$ 2,626,276
Long-Term Liabilities	220,916,913	175,902,333
Total Liabilities	223,529,097	178,528,609
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Other Post Employment Benefits	9,891,878	13,985,716
Pensions	6,129,009	4,169,871
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	16,020,887	18,155,587
Net Assets		
Net Invested in Capital Assets	37,897,221	38,380,581
Restricted	7,967,013	8,302,328
Unrestricted	(138,342,670)	(126,927,412)
Total Net Position	(92,478,436)	(80,244,503)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Net Position	\$ 147,071,548	\$ 116,439,693

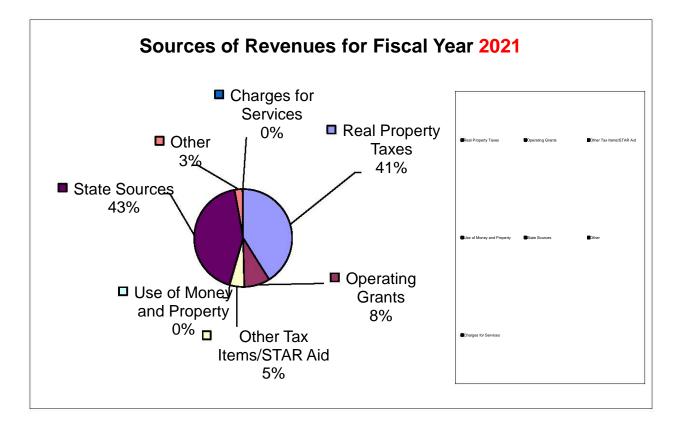
The following table and supporting graphs provide a summary of revenues, expenses and net position for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Statement of Activities

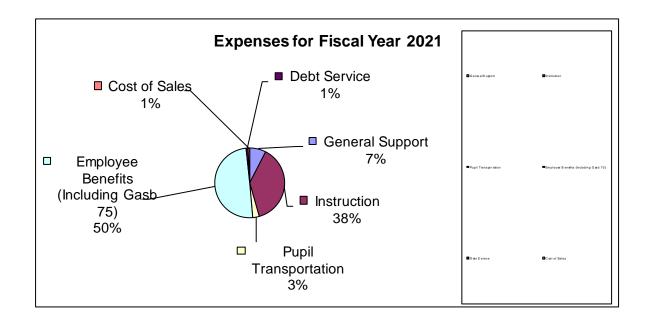
Summary of Changes in Net Position							
<b>Revenues:</b> Program Revenues:	6/30/2021	Restated 6/30/2020	% Change				
Charges for Services	\$ 105,725	\$ 37,920	178.8%				
Operating Grants & Contributions	4,135,456	6,162,989	-32.9%				
General Revenues: Property Taxes	19,908,500	19,229,846	3.5%				
School Tax Relief (STAR)	2,343,343	2,396,309	-2.2%				
State Formula Aid	20,669,066	23,629,365	-12.5%				
Use of Money and Property	26,417	164,657	-84.0%				
Miscellaneous	1,251,400	1,112,868	12.4%				
Total Revenues:	48,439,907	52,733,954	-8.1%				
Evnoncoo							
Expenses: General Government Support	4,563,391	6,538,170	-30.2%				
Instruction	23,100,839	24,935,792	-7.4%				
Pupil Transportation	1,840,110	1,965,407	-6.4%				
Employee Benefits	15,431,243	15,927,545	-3.1%				
Employee Benefits, OPEB GASB 75	14,720,716	5,262,002	179.8%				
Debt Service – Interest	551,101	644,030	-14.4%				
Cost of Sales – Food	466,440	782,409	-40.4%				
Total Expenses:	60,673,840	56,055,355	8.2%				
Extraordinary Item:							
Donated Property		(155,417)					
Increase (decrease) in Net Position:	(12,233,933)	(3,476,818)	251.9%				
Total net position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported	-	(76,906,680)					
Prior period adjustment		138,995					
Beginning Net Position, as restated	(80,244,503)	(76,767,685)					
Ending Net Position	\$ (92,478,436)	\$ (80,244,503)					

Revenues for the District's government-wide activities totaled \$48,439,907 while total expenses equaled \$60,673,840. The decrease in net position for government-wide activities was (\$12,233,933) in 2021. The District's financial condition can be credited to:

- The Board of Education reaches out to all residents through an active web site, presenting our budget at convenient community locations, and encouraging community input at Board of Education meetings;
- The Audit Committee meets monthly to review and discuss financial documents and, where required, recommends those documents to the full Board of Education for review and approval;
- Board of Education continually reviews board policies on fiscal management and internal controls and updates them for adherence to applicable laws;
- Internal controls include training for the claims auditor. The claims auditor matches all vendor payment claims and supporting documentation against the warrant report and indicates approval with a signature. Additionally, the claims auditor submits a monthly report of findings to the Board and meets with the audit committee;
- Bank reconciliations are current and necessary documentation is maintained with the bank statements. The Audit Committee and Board of Education are provided with a current Treasurer's Report each month;
- Health insurance and other employee benefits are reviewed monthly to insure benefits are limited to only participants contractually entitled to such benefits;
- Submitted payrolls are reviewed for accuracy, which includes verifying contractual rates of pay to insure no unnecessary spending and payment. Substitutes are utilized only when necessary;
- Grants are reviewed to verify all expenditures, including payroll and benefits, are paid properly from these grants;
- Termination of employees is documented and unemployment claims are monitored closely;
- The District continues to manage expenditures through the solicitation of competitive bids and requests for proposal. The District also participates in state contract purchasing through the NYS Office of General Services and competitive bidding with St. Lawrence BOCES; National Joint Purchasing Alliance (NJPA) and The Cooperative Purchasing Network (TCPN).
- Equipment and computers purchased are tracked using a computerized inventory control system.
- During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB75 which requires the District to calculate and report the present value of the future liability for retiree health insurance costs. The District hired an actuary to calculate the liability which is currently reported (page 58) in the Statement of Net Position at \$196,397,741.
- The Board of Education annually supports professional development in fiscal management and compliance for the business office staff.



Revenue Source	 Amount
Real Property Taxes	\$ 19,908,500
Operating Grants	4,135,456
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	2,343,343
Use of Money and Property	26,417
State Sources	20,669,066
Other	1,251,400
Charges for Services	 105,725
	\$ 48,439,907



Expenditure	 Amount		
General Support	\$ 4,563,391		
Instruction	23,100,839		
Pupil Transportation	1,840,110		
Employee Benefits (Including Gasb 75)	30,151,959		
Debt Service	551,101		
Cost of Sales	466,440		
	\$ 60,673,840		

### Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As discussed, the School's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that focuses on the short-term, inflow and outflow of resources available for spending. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the School District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Food Service, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund.

Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$55,024,747 which represents a decrease of 2.1% from the 2020 balances. The capital assets include the completion of renovating the district infrastructure in accordance with the District's 5-year Capital Facilities Plan consisting of health and safety renovations, equipment and technology infrastructure upgrades and other alterations, renovations, and improvements to the Cumberland Head Elementary School and the Beekmantown Main Building (K-12 facilities). The increase in net capital assets is attributable to district purchases of equipment and completion of an energy performance contract and an 18 million dollar capital project.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	2021			2020	% Change		
Non-Depreciable Assets:							
Land	\$	73,608	\$	73,608	0.0%		
Construction in Progress		13,350		15,619,720	-99.9%		
Depreciable Assets:							
Buildings		51,086,348		37,021,055	38.0%		
Machinery and Equipment		3,851,441		3,483,900	10.5%		
TOTAL	\$	55,024,747	\$	56,198,283	-2.1%		

#### Long Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$218,146,165 in long-term debt outstanding. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities and Bond Anticipation Notes are presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

	2021	2020	% Change
Compensated Absences	\$ 2,902,316	\$ 3,114,036	-6.8%
Bonds Payable	18,846,108	20,410,127	-7.7%
Other Post Employment Benefits	196,397,741	148,537,143	32.2%
	\$ 218,146,165	\$ 172,061,306	26.8%

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

The District identified long term financial stress factors and worked effectively with the local bargaining units to collectively modify employer/employee allocations for benefit costs as well as switching health insurance plans for all current employee groups. While the financial benefits will be recognized over a multiyear period of time the renewal terms had a significant impact on the actuarial calculation of this long term liability. As indicated in the chart below the actuarial accrued liability is \$196,397,741.

The District's liability for other post-employment benefits is summarized below:

	 OPEB Liability	Percentage Change
6/30/2021	\$ 196,397,741	32.22%
6/30/2020	\$ 148,537,143	24.92%
6/30/2019	\$ 118,901,758	0.34%
6/30/2018	\$ 118,500,646	

#### Factors Bearing on the Future of District

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District faces the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Condition of State's financial health and the impact this condition will have on state aid.
- Potential decreases or increases in employer's contribution to the Teacher's Retirement System and the Employee Retirement System.
- Drastic and concerning increasing cost of health insurance premiums.
- Recent District trend of increasing enrollment.
- Long range positive financial relief/benefit resulting from the NYS creation of Tier V and Tier VI class employees.
- Continued reductions in funding from Federal and State Grants.
- Increased number of retirees receiving benefits for longer period of time.
- Partnering with NYS and the County to deliver services to pre-school students.
- Effect of COVID-19 on local economy and NYS as a whole.
- Ability to hire and retain certified/qualified employees.

#### Contacting the Financial Managers of the School

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the School's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report, or would like to request additional information, please contact:

Beekmantown Central School District Offices Attn: Daniel W. Mannix, Superintendent 37 Eagle Way, West Chazy, NY 12992-2577 (518) 563-8250 Ext 5501

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash: Unrestricted	\$ 10.432.240
Restricted	\$ 10,432,240 8,420,988
Receivables:	8,420,988
Accounts Receivable	9,173
State and Federal Aid Receivable	3,355,113
Due from Other Governments	784,179
Inventories	38,445
Deposit, Electric Reserve	27,758
Capital Assets, Net	55,024,747
Total Assets	78,092,643
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other Post Employment Benefits	56,648,030
Pensions	12,330,875
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	68,978,905
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 147,071,548
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 484,819
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	351,210
Due to Other Governments	69,247
Due to Teacher's Retirement System	1,490,294
Due to Employee Retirement System	205,237
Unearned Revenues	11,377
Long-Term Liabilities	
Bonds Payable and long-term debt, Current	1,270,000
Due and payable after one year:	
Bonds Payable and long-term debt, Non-Current	17,576,108
Compensated Absences Payable	2,902,316
Other Post Employment Benefits	196,397,741
Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share	2,770,748
Total Liabilities	223,529,097
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other Post Employment Benefits	9,891,878
Pensions	6,129,009
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,020,887
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	37,897,221
Restricted	7,967,013
Unrestricted (deficit)	(138,342,670)
Total Net Position	(92,478,436)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$ 147,071,548

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			PROGRAM REVENUES				NE	T (EXPENSE)		
Functions/ Programs			CHARGES FOR OPERATING SERVICES GRANTS				REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
General Support	\$	(4,563,391)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,563,391)		
Instruction		(23,100,839)		105,498		2,965,836		(20,029,505)		
Pupil Transportation		(1,840,110)		-		-		(1,840,110)		
Employee Benefits		(30,151,959)		-		-		(30,151,959)		
Debt Service		(551,101)		-		-		(551,101)		
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)		(466,440)		227		1,169,620		703,407		
Total Functions										
and Programs	\$	(60,673,840)	\$	105,725	\$	4,135,456		(56,432,659)		
General Revenues										
Real Property Taxes								19,908,500		
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid								2,343,343		
Use of Money and Property								26,417		
Sale of Property and Compensation	for L	OSS						185		
Miscellaneous								627,002		
State Sources								20,669,066		
Federal Sources								624,213		
<b>Total General Revenues</b>								44,198,726		
Change in Net Position								(12,233,933)		
Total Net Position - Beginning	of Y	ear, as previous	ly rep	orted				(80,392,655)		
Prior period adjustment (Not	te 14	)						148,152		
Total Net Position - Beginning	of Y	ear, as restated						(80,244,503)		
Total Net Position - End of Yea	r						\$	(92,478,436)		

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** June 30, 2021

		SPECIAL		SCHOOL FOOD CAPITAL				DEBT				7074	
ASSETS	GENERAL		AID		ERVICE		ROJECTS		ERVICE		N-MAJOR	TOTAL	
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 9,680,235	\$	287,056	\$	464,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,432,240	
Restricted Cash	5,704,735		-		-		2,577,742		-		138,511	8,420,988	
Accounts Receivable	714		6,181		2,177		101				-	9,173	
Due from Other Funds	2,772,664		-		-		-		315,865		-	3,088,529	
Inventories			-		38,445		-		-		-	38,445	
State & Federal Aid Receivable	1,224,265		1,749,606		236,082		145,160		-		-	3,355,113	
Deposit, Electric Reserve	27,758		-		-		-		-		-	27,758	
Due from Other Governments	784,179		-		-	_	-		-		-	784,179	
Total Assets	\$ 20,194,550	\$	2,042,843	\$	741,653	\$	2,723,003	\$	315,865	\$	138,511	\$ 26,156,425	
LIABILITIES													
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 306,090	\$	117,278	\$	32,099	\$	4,408	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 459,875	
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	-		-		-		351,210		-		-	351,210	
Due to Other Funds	-		1,910,995		618,051		559,483		-		-	3,088,529	
Due to Other Governments	66,054		3,193		-		-		-		-	69,247	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	1,490,294		-		-		-		-		-	1,490,294	
Due to Employees' Retirement System	205,237		-		-		-		-		-	205,237	
Unearned Revenue	-		11,377		-		-		-		-	11,377	
Total Liabilities	2,067,675		2,042,843		650,150		915,101		-		-	5,675,769	
Fund Balances:													
Nonspendable													
Inventories	-		-		38,445		-		-		-	38,445	
Restricted													
Capital Reserve	1,059,168		-		-		1,807,902		-		-	2,867,070	
Tax Certiorari	743,558		-		-		-		-		-	743,558	
Unemployment Insurance	330,254		-		-		-		-		-	330,254	
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	2,517,397		-		-		-		-		-	2,517,397	
Retirement of long-term debt	-		-		-		-		315,865		-	315,865	
Workers Comp Reserve	141,720		-		-		-		-		-	141,720	
Retirement Reserve- ERS	584,224		-		-		-		-		-	584,224	
Retirement Reserve- TRS	303,046		-		-		-		-		-	303,046	
Reserve for Insurance	25,368		-		-		-		-		-	25,368	
Other	-		-		-		-		-		138,511	138,511	
Assigned											,	,	
Appropriated Fund Balance	1,600,000		-		-		-		-		-	1,600,000	
Encumbrances (Note 10)	629,062		-		-		-		-		-	629,062	
Unassigned	10,193,078		-		53,058		-		-		-	10,246,136	
Total Fund Balances	18,126,875		-		91,503		1,807,902		315,865		138,511	20,480,656	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 20,194,550	\$	2,042,843	\$	741,653	\$	2,723,003	\$	315,865	\$	138,511	\$ 26,156,425	

# COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended June 30, 2021

	GENERAL	SPECIAL AID	SCHOOL FOOD	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	NON-MAJOR	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Real Property Taxes	\$ 19,908,500	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 19,908,500
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	2,343,343	-	-	-	-	-	2,343,343
Charges for Services	105,498	-	-	-	-	-	105,498
Use of Money and Property	21,401	-	553	-	4,297	166	26,417
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	185	-	-	-	-	-	185
Miscellaneous	568,403	-	2,859	-	-	55,740	627,002
State Sources	20,523,906	1,703,829	38,536	145,160	-	-	22,411,431
Federal Sources	624,213	1,262,007	1,089,743	-	-	-	2,975,963
Surplus Food	-	-	41,341	-	-	-	41,341
Sales (School Lunch)	-	-	227	-	-	-	227
Total Revenues	44,095,449	2,965,836	1,173,259	145,160	4,297	55,906	48,439,907
EXPENDITURES							
General Support	3,959,889	39,924	490,905	-	-	65,547	4,556,265
Instruction	18,548,773	2,649,055	-	-	-	-	21,197,828
Pupil Transportation	1,424,097	1,037	-	-	-	-	1,425,134
Community Service	4,038	-	-	-	-	-	4,038
Employee Benefits	13,128,726	291,824	317,264	-	-	-	13,737,814
Debt Service	1,200,522	-	-	-	1,045,169	-	2,245,691
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)	-	-	466,440	-	-	-	466,440
Capital Outlay	-	-		1,147,539	-	-	1,147,539
Total Expenditures	38,266,045	2,981,840	1,274,609	1,147,539	1,045,169	65,547	44,780,749
OTHER SOURCES AND USES							
Bond Anticipation Notes Redeemed From Appropriations	_	_	_	117,856	_	_	117,856
Interfund Transfers In	_	16,004	75,000	100,000	995,169	_	1,186,173
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(1,186,173)	-	-	-	-	_	(1,186,173)
Total Other Sources and (Uses)	(1,186,173)	16,004	75,000	217,856	995,169		117,856
	(1,100,173)	10,004	73,000	211,000			
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	4 6 4 2 2 2 4			(704 500)	(45 200)	(0.644)	2 777 04 4
Sources Over Expenditures and Other USES	4,643,231	-	(26,350)	(784,523)	(45,703)	(9,641)	3,777,014
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, restated (Note 14)	13,483,644	<u> </u>	117,853	2,592,425	361,568	148,152	16,703,642
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 18,126,875	\$-	\$ 91,503	\$ 1,807,902	\$ 315,865	\$ 138,511	\$ 20,480,656

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

	GC	TOTAL VERNMENT FUNDS			AND		_	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TOTALS	
ASSETS	¢	10, 100, 0.10	¢		¢		<b>~</b>	40,400,040	
Unrestricted Cash	\$	10,432,240	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,432,240	
Restricted Cash Accounts Receivable		8,420,988 9,173		-		-		8,420,988 9,173	
Due from Other Funds		3,088,529		-		- (3,088,529)		9,173	
State & Federal Aid Receivable		3,355,113		-		(3,088,529)		2 255 442	
Due from Other Governments		784,179		-		-		3,355,113	
Inventories		38,445		-		-		784,179 38,445	
Deposit, Electric Reserve		27,758		-		-		27,758	
Capital Assets, Net		21,150		- 55,024,747		-		55,024,747	
Total Assets		26,156,425		55,024,747		(3,088,529)		78,092,643	
Total Assets		20,150,425		55,024,747		(3,088,529)		78,092,643	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Other Post Employment Benefits		-		56,648,030		-		56,648,030	
Pensions				12,330,875				12,330,875	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		68,978,905		-		68,978,905	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	26,156,425	\$	124,003,652	\$	(3,088,529)	\$	147,071,548	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	459,875	\$	24,944	\$	-	\$	484,819	
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable		351,210		_		-		351,210	
Due to Other Funds		3,088,529		-		(3,088,529)		-	
Due to Other Governments		69,247		-		_		69,247	
Due to Teacher's Retirement System		1,490,294		-		-		1,490,294	
Due to Employee's Retirement System		205,237		-		-		205,237	
Bonds Payable and other long term debt		_		18,846,108		-		18,846,108	
Compensated Absences		-		2,902,316		-		2,902,316	
Unearned revenues		11,377		-		-		11,377	
Other Post Employment Benefits		-		196,397,741		-		196,397,741	
Net Pension Liability- Proportionate Share				2,770,748				2,770,748	
Total Liabilities		5,675,769		220,941,857		(3,088,529)		223,529,097	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Other post employment benefits		_		9,891,878		-		9,891,878	
Pensions		-		6,129,009		-		6,129,009	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		16,020,887		-		16,020,887	
FUND EQUITY/NET POSITION									
Total Fund Equity/ Net Position		20,480,656		(112,959,092)		-		(92,478,436)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity/	-	-,,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				, , , , <b>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </b>	
Net Position	\$	26,156,425	\$	124,003,652	\$	(3,088,529)	\$	147,071,548	

#### RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items/STAR Aid Charges for Services Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources Surplus Food Sales (School Lunch) Total Revenues	TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUNDS \$ 19,908,500 2,343,343 105,498 26,417 185 627,002 22,411,431 2,975,963 41,341 227 48,439,907	LONG-TERM REVENUE EXPENSES - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	LONG-TERM I DEBT TRANSACTION \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	RECLASSIFICATION AND ELIMINATIONS \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES TOTALS \$ 19,908,500 2,343,343 105,498 26,417 185 627,002 22,411,431 2,975,963 41,341 227 48,439,907
Total Revenues	40,439,907					40,439,907
EXPENDITURES						
General Support	4,556,265	-	7,126	-	-	4,563,391
Instruction	21,197,828	-	1,898,973	-	-	23,096,801
Pupil Transportation	1,425,134	-	414,976	-	-	1,840,110
Community Service	4,038	-	-	-	-	4,038
Employee Benefits	13,737,814	16,414,145	-	-	-	30,151,959
Debt Service	2,245,691	(306,734)	-	(1,270,000)	(117,856)	551,101
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)	466,440	-	-	-	_	466,440
Capital Outlay	1,147,539	-	(1,147,539)	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	44,780,749	16,107,411	1,173,536	(1,270,000)	(117,856)	60,673,840
OTHER SOURCES AND USES						
Bond Anticipation Notes Redeemed	117,856				(117,856)	
Operating Transfers In	1,186,173	-	-	-	(1,186,173)	-
Operating Transfers (Out)	(1,186,173)	-	-	-	1,186,173	-
Total Other Sources and Uses	117,856	-	-		(117,856)	-
Net Change for the Year	\$ 3,777,014	\$ (16,107,411)	\$ (1,173,536)	\$ 1,270,000	\$ -	\$ (12,233,933)

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The general purpose financial statements of Beekmantown Central School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>: The Beekmantown Central School District Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to the District. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The general-purpose financial statements include all funds of the District as well as the component units and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity.

B. <u>Joint Venture</u> - The Beekmantown Central School District is one of 16 component school districts in the Clinton/Essex/Warren/Washington Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation. In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n (a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital cost. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7).

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District was billed \$3,618,403 for BOCES administrative and program cost. Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Beekmantown Central School District issued no serial bonds on behalf of BOCES. General-purpose financial statements for the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES are available from BOCES administrative office at P.O. Box 485, Plattsburgh, New York. The District's share of BOCES income amounted to \$1,919,527. BOCES also refunded the District \$111,106 for excess expenses billed in prior years.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

#### C. Basis of presentation

#### 1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of good or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Functional Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Beekmantown Central School District chooses to report all governmental funds as major funds, except for Extraclassroom Activity Fund and Scholarship Fund.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - the general fund is the principal operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as Federal and State grants, that are

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, child nutrition or other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Special Aid Funds</u> - Used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with Federal funds or State or Local grants.

<u>School Food Service Fund</u>- Used to account for transactions of the lunch and breakfast programs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - the capital projects funds are to account for and report financial resources to be used for acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities, or equipment.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – the debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide financial statements are reported using economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and collected. Revenue from grants and donations is in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days (60 days for property taxes) after the end of the fiscal year.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for:

- a. Prepaids and inventory-type items are recognized at the time of purchase.
- b. Principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due.
- c. Compensated absences, such as sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.
- d. Pension costs are recognized as an expenditure when billed by the state.
- e. The District recognizes the cost of providing post-retirement healthinsurance coverage and survivor benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid.
- E. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.
- F. <u>Inventories</u>: Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a firstin, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of items (which could be inventoried) in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- G. <u>Capital Assets</u>: Acquisitions of equipment and capital facilities are treated as expenditures in the various funds of the District, and are capitalized when cost of acquisition exceeds \$5,000. The assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.
- H. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recognized.
- I. <u>Deferred Compensation</u>: Employees of the District may elect to participate in an Employees Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, usually after retirement.
- J. <u>Post-Employment Benefits</u>: In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. The cost of

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

providing post-retirement benefits is paid by the District or is shared between the District and the retired employee, depending on length of service and/or classification of employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums for retirees and their dependents as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the General Fund in the year paid.

K. <u>Property Taxes</u>: Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Clinton. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes is transmitted to the county for enforcement and is paid by the county to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1st.

#### L. Equity Classifications:

District- wide statements:

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund statements:

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**Non-spendable** fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Food Service Fund of \$38,445.

**Restricted** – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Capital**

According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

#### Employee Benefits Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

#### Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the School District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

#### Tax Certiorari

According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

#### Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this selfinsurance program. The reserve may be established by board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess gets applied to appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

#### Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

#### **Insurance**

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action and funded by budgetary appropriations or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

#### Restricted-other

Represents amounts restricted for scholarships and extraclassroom activities.

**Committed** – Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2021.

**Assigned** – Includes amounts that are constrained by the school district's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$629,062.

**Unassigned** – Includes all other General Fund net position that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### M. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

 <u>Budget Policies</u> - The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental fund types: General Fund

The voters within the District approve the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

- <u>Budget Basis of Accounting</u> Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The budget and actual comparison for the General Fund, included in the Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual, reflects budgeted and actual amounts for funds with legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.
- 3. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### N. Events Occurring After Reporting Date

The District has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2021 and September 20, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### P. Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2020 financial statements may have been reclassified to conform to the 2021 presentation.

#### Q. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension system not included in pension expense. The second item is the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide measurement date. Statement of Net Position. This amount represents differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first relates to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net positon. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in the pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

#### R. <u>New Accounting Standards:</u>

The District has adopted and implemented all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable as of June 30, 2021, including GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*.

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources of the governmental funds.

A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives.

Because the governmental funds focus on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in the fund balance. They are, however, included in the net position of the governmental activities. As of June 30, 2021 the District did not have any assets unavailable to pay for current-period expenditures.

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statements of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period.

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Balances and District Wide Net Assets				
Ending fund balance reported on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 20,480,656			
Capital assets net of related depreciation	55,024,747			
Deferred outflows:				
Pensions - TRS	9,105,761			
Pensions - ERS	3,225,114			
Other post employment benefits	56,648,030			
Accrued interest	(24,944)			
Liabilities, long term				
Bonds payable and other long term debt	(18,846,108)			
Other post employment benefits	(196,397,741)			
Compensated absences	(2,902,316)			
Net pension liability	(2,770,748)			
Deferred inflows:				
Pensions - TRS	(1,786,780)			
Pensions - ERS	(4,342,229)			
Other post employment benefits	(9,891,878)			
Ending net position reported on Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1)	\$ (92,478,436)			

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities.

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur as a result of proceeds from serial bonds reflected as revenue in governmental funds whereas they are a liability on the statement of net position. Also both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Other Post-Employment Benefits Differences

Other post-employment benefits occur because retiree health insurance premiums are paid and recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements as incurred. GASB 75 requires an actuarial calculation of the future liability and to record the OPEB Obligation in the Statement of Net Position.

5. <u>Pension Differences</u>

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

#### Total Revenues and other Funding Sources

#### **Revenues:**

Total Revenue reported in Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 48,439,907
Other adjustments	 -
Total Revenues Statement of Activities (Exhibit 6)	\$ 48,439,907

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

#### Expenditures:

Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 44,780,749
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Compensated absences used during the year exceeded the amount earned.	(211,720)
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital expenditures in the current year.	1,173,536
Repayment of bond and other long term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not effect the Statement of Activities.	(1,270,000)
Amortization of bond premium	(294,019)
Accrued interest on long term debt is an expense on the Statement of Activities, but not on governmental funds.	(12,715)
OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense	14,720,716
Repayment of bond anticipation notes is an expenditure in the General Fund and other sources of income in the Capital Project's Fund. A reclassifying entry to offset these amounts reduces both expenditures and other sources of income in the Statement of Activities.	(117,856)
(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds. Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System	 2,199,959 (294,810)
Total expenses of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ 60,673,840

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

#### Other Sources and Uses:

Total other sources and uses in government funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 117,856
Repayment of bond anticipation notes is an expenditure in the General Fund and other sources of income in the Capital Project's fund. A reclassifying entry to offset these amounts reduces both expenditures and other sources	
of income in the Statement of Activities.	(117,856)
Total other sources and uses in Statement of Activities (Exhibit 6)	\$ -

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes and the District's own written policy. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposits. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities and Districts.

At June 30, 2021, the District's bank balances totaled \$16,617,621 of which, \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$16,367,621 was covered by collateral held by the pledging banks in the District's name.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash at June 30, 2021 was \$8,420,988.

#### Note 4. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances and activity at June 30, 2021 and for the fiscal year then ended, were as follows:

		Interfund Inte		Interfund	Interfund			Interfund
Fund Type	F	Receivable		Payable	Revenues		Expenditures	
General	\$	2,772,664	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,186,173
Capital		-		559,483		100,000		-
School Food Service		-		618,051		75,000		-
Special Aid		-		1,910,995		16,004		-
Debt Service		315,865		-		995,169		-
Total	\$	3,088,529	\$	3,088,529	\$	1,186,173	\$	1,186,173

Interfund receivables and payable are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund, where it makes principal and interest payments on the District's bonds.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

The School District typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund for its share of special aid programs.

The District transferred \$100,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for various capital projects.

The District transferred \$75,000 from the General Fund to the School Food Service Fund to supplement its operations.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### Note 5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Ju	June 30, 2020 Balance Additions			Retirements/ Reclassifications			une 30, 2021 Balance
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets that								
are not Depreciated:								
Land	\$	73,608	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,608
Construction in Progress		15,619,720		681,173		(16,287,543)		13,350
Total Nondepreciable Historical Cost		15,693,328		681,173		(16,287,543)		86,958
Capital Assets that								
are Depreciated:								
Buildings		56,458,172		15,572,127		(15,180)		72,015,119
Machinery and Equipment		10,158,419		1,269,892		(601,401)		10,826,910
Total Depreciable Historical Cost		66,616,591		16,842,019	(616,581)			82,842,029
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		19,437,117		1,506,834		(15,180)		20,928,771
Machinery and Equipment		6,674,519		902,351		(601,401)		6,975,469
Total Accumulated Depreciation		26,111,636		2,409,185		(616,581)		27,904,240
Total Depreciable Historical Cost, Net		40,504,955		14,432,834		-		54,937,789
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	56,198,283	\$	15,114,007	\$	(16,287,543)	\$	55,024,747

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

5 5	6/30/2021
General support	\$ 69,009
Instruction	1,925,200
Pupil transportation	414,976
	\$ 2,409,185

#### Note 6. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 6. Compensated Absences (continued)

and service position.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements' only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

#### Note 7. Indebtedness

#### Short-term Debt:

<u>Bond Anticipation Notes</u> – Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. Such notes may be classified as long-term debt when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance-sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. During the year, the School District had two BAN's as described above. The interest rates on the BAN's were .65% and .35%. The BAN had an outstanding balance of \$351,210 at June 30, 2021.

The following is a summary of changes in short-term debt:

	Balance 6/30/2020 Additions D					Deletions		Balance 6/30/2021		
Bond Anticipation Notes	\$	-	\$	469,066	\$	469,066	\$		-	
Bond Anticipation Notes		-		351,210		-		3	51,210	
	\$	-	\$	820,276	\$	469,066	\$	3	51,210	
	Interest			Matu	rity			Out	standing	
Description of Issue	Rate	lss	ue Date	Dat	e	Purpose	;	at	6/30/21	

Interest expense on the District's BAN obligations amounted to \$2,210 for 2020-2021.

Long-term Debt: Interest expense on the District's bond obligations amounted to \$692,968 for 2020-2021.

#### Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

	Balance						Balance
	6/30/2020		Additions		Deletions		6/30/2021
Serial Bonds	\$ 11,880,000	\$	-	\$	860,000	\$	11,020,000
Bond Premium, net of amort	1,855,127		-		294,019		1,561,108
Lease-purchase Obligations	6,675,000		-		410,000		6,265,000
Compensated Absences	3,114,036		-		211,720		2,902,316
Other Post Employment Benefits	 148,537,143		47,860,598		-		196,397,741
Total	\$ 172,061,306	\$	47,860,598	\$	1,775,739	\$	218,146,165

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

Serial Bonds are comprised of the following:

	Maturity Interest		C	Dutstanding
Issue Date	Date	Date Rate		at 6/30/21
7/5/2013	6/15/2025	3.0-4.0%	\$	1,365,000
5/1/2014	5/1/2030	2.75-3.125%		735,000
6/17/2020	6/15/2034	5.0%		8,920,000
				1,561,108
			\$	12,581,108
	7/5/2013 5/1/2014	Issue Date         Date           7/5/2013         6/15/2025           5/1/2014         5/1/2030	Issue Date         Date         Rate           7/5/2013         6/15/2025         3.0-4.0%           5/1/2014         5/1/2030         2.75-3.125%	Issue Date         Date         Rate           7/5/2013         6/15/2025         3.0-4.0%         \$           5/1/2014         5/1/2030         2.75-3.125%         \$

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for General Obligation Bonds, Notes and other long-term debt:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal Interest				Total
2022	\$ 1,035,000	\$	522,150	\$	1,557,150
2023	1,085,000		475,288		1,560,288
2024	1,135,000		426,188		1,561,188
2025	1,180,000		374,738		1,554,738
2026	645,000		320,938		965,938
2027-2031	3,580,000		1,117,800		4,697,800
2032-2036	2,360,000		239,750		2,599,750
	\$ 11,020,000	\$	3,476,852	\$	14,496,852

#### Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

In July 2017, the District entered into an Energy Performance Contract Municipal Lease/Purchase Agreement for \$7,196,396 to be spent on energy related improvements and equipment.

Lease-purchase obligations are as follows:

		Maturity	Interest	0	utstanding
Description of Issue	Issue Date	Date	Rate		at 6/30/21
Energy performance contract	7/7/2017	6/15/2033	2.41%	\$	6,265,000

The following is a summary of capital lease obligations:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:

2022		\$ 582,666
2023		587,187
2024		591,344
2025		595,134
2026		598,559
2027-2031		3,084,676
2032-2036		 1,280,446
	Total minimum lease payments	7,320,012
	Less amount representing interest	 (1,055,012)
	Present value of minimum lease payments	 6,265,000
	Less current portion	 (430,000)
	Long-term portion	\$ 5,835,000

#### Note 8. Pension Plans

#### General Information

The District participates in the New York Teachers' retirement System (TRS) the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

#### Provisions and Administration

#### **Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)**

The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and

#### Note 8. Pension Plans (continued)

automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 of by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

#### Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. The District also participated in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

#### Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

#### Note 8. Pension Plans (continued)

**Contributions** 

	 ERS	TRS
2021	\$ 638,806	\$ 1,605,338
2020	\$ 631,915	\$ 1,875,429
2019	\$ 630,352	\$ 1,677,721

ERS has provided additional disclosures for entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021 the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2021 for ERS and June 30, 2020 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the System relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS	TRS
Net Pension asset/(liability)	\$	(14,719)	\$ (2,756,029)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	-0 (	)147817%	-0.099738%
Change in proportion since the prior	0.0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.00070070
measurement date	\$ 3	3,784,376	\$ (5,356,227)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's recognized pension expense of \$374,765 for ERS and \$3,585,436 for TRS. At June 30, 2021 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

#### Note 8. Pension Plans (continued)

	 Deferred of Res	 es		d Inflows sources		
Differences between expected	<u>ERS</u>	TRS	ERS			<u>TRS</u>
and actual experience	\$ 179,756	\$ 2,414,833	\$	-	\$	141,240
Changes of assumptions	2,706,299	3,485,735		51,042		1,242,483
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,799,929		4,228,085		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the Districts' contributions and proportionate share of contributions	133,822	20,649		63,102		403,057
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	205,237	1,384,615		-		-
Total	\$ 3,225,114	\$ 9,105,761	\$	4,342,229	\$	1,786,780

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

	ERS	TRS
Year ended:		
2021	\$ -	\$ 948,476
2022	(227,292)	2,042,137
2023	(78,250)	1,715,002
2024	(218,293)	1,058,765
2025	(798,517)	39,942
Thereafter	-	130,044
Total	\$ (1,322,352)	\$ 5,934,366

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward to total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

#### Note 8. Pension Plans (continued)

Measurement date	<u>ERS</u> 3/31/2021	<u>TRS</u> 6/30/2020
Actuarial valuation date	4/1/2020	6/30/2019
Interest rate	5.9%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.4%	1.90%-4.72%
Decrement tables	April1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30,2014 System Experience
Inflation rate	2.7%	2.20%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2019.

For ERS, the Actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

#### Note 8. Pension Plans (continued)

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	3/31/2021	6/30/2020
Asset Type:	%	%
Domestic equity	4.05	7.10
International equity	6.30	7.70
Private equity	6.75	10.40
Real estate	4.95	6.80
Domestic fixed income securities	-	1.80
Opportunistic/ ARS portfolio	4.50	-
Credit	3.63	-
Real assets	5.95	-
Cash	0.50	0.70
Private debt	-	5.20
Global equities	-	7.40
Global bonds	-	1.00
High-yield bonds	-	3.90
Real estate debt	-	3.60

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions form plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net positon was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments wasapplied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share for the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the Districts' proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.9% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1% higher (6.9% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current rate:

#### Note 8. Pension Plans (continued)

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	<u>4.9%</u>	5.9%	6.9%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (4,085,349)	\$ (14,719)	\$ 3,739,355
TRS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (17,408,886)	\$ (2,756,029)	\$ 9,541,431

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

		ERS		TRS	 Total
Valuation date Employers' total pension asset/(liability) Plan Net Position Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ \$	3/31/2021 (220,680,157) 220,580,583 (99,574)	\$ \$	6/30/2020 (123,242,776,215) 120,479,505,380 (2,763,270,835)	\$ (123,463,456,372) 120,700,085,963 (2,763,370,409)
Ratio of plan net position to the Employers' total pension asset/ (liability)		-99.95%		-97.76%	-97.76%

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$205,237.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2021 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$1,490,294.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 9. Post-Employment Benefits (Health Insurance) Benefits

The District provides post-employment (health insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. Post-employment benefits aggregating \$4,427,278 for 368 employees were charged to expenses/ expenditures in the Governmental Funds in the current year.

#### A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

*Plan Description* – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	240
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	380
_	620

#### B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$196,397,741 was measured as of July 1, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.4 percent
Salary Increases	3.5 percent

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

Discount Rate	2.21 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.50 percent for 2020, decreasing annually to an ultimate rate of 3.94 percent for 2079 and later years

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Table, as appropriate, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014.

#### C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 148,537,143
Changes for the Year-	
Service Cost	6,642,568
Interest	5,362,606
Changes of benefit terms	(32,741)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	39,812,962
Benefit payments	(3,924,797)
Net Changes	47,860,598
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 196,397,741

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50% percent in 2020 to 2.21% percent in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	1.21%	2.21%	3.21%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 236,363,003	\$ 196,397,741	\$ 165,062,077

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

#### Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

	1%	Healthcare Cost Trend	1%	
	Decrease	Rates	Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 159,274,110	\$ 196,397,741	\$ 245,988,633	

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$18,837,831. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Inflo	erred ws of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 14,013,766 38,517,149 4,117,115	\$ 9	- ,891,878 -
Total	\$ 56,648,030	\$ 9	,891,878

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2022	\$	6,865,398	
2023		6,865,398	
2024		8,607,042	
2025		9,750,797	
2026		7,830,262	
2027 and Thereafter		2,720,140	
	\$	42,639,037	

#### Note 10. Assigned Fund Balance – Encumbrances

Assigned Fund Balance – Other includes year end encumbrances as follows:

General Fund	1	2021
Board of Education	\$	44
Central Admin		1,824
Finance		12,448
Central Services		355,406
Teaching		64,566
Programs for Children with Handicap		10,558
Instructional Media		90,796
Pupil Services		89,795
Pupil Transportation		1,000
Community Service		2,625
Employee Benefits		-
	\$	629,062

#### Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Risk Financing and Related Insurance</u> - The Beekmantown Central School District is exposed to the risk of various types of loss which includes torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees and students. These risks, and settled claims, are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District incurs costs related to an employee health insurance plan (Plan) sponsored by Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the Plan as direct insurer of the risk reinsured. The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

#### Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The District is a defendant in two lawsuits seeking to recover "additional costs" for professional services relating to its capital improvement project. It is premature to estimate the District's likelihood of a successful defense or the amount of any potential loss. However, such potential loss will not exceed the amounts claimed of \$420,000.

The District also is a defendant in several lawsuits filed under the Child Victims Act. The Plaintiffs are seeking compensatory and punitive damages of an unspecified amount against the District, as well as any other available relief available to them. At this time, an estimate of any potential or range of loss cannot be made.

The District has received Federal and State Aid/Grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the Federal and State governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds to the Federal and State governments. The District believes disallowances, not previously provided for, if any, will be immaterial.

<u>Operating Leases</u> - The District leases property and equipment under operating leases. Total rental expenditures on such leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were approximately \$59,106.

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ 59,106
2023	59,106
2024	59,106
2025	 53,331
Total	\$ 230,649

Estimated future rents to be paid under this lease are as follows:

<u>Litigation</u> – The District is aware of various petitions for tax certiorari proceedings which if successful would expose the district to significant tax refunds to the landowners. A reserve for tax certiorari is established and funded for \$743,558. The District is aware of petitions totaling \$1,634,836.

#### Note 12. Tax Abatements

The County of Clinton entered into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The School District property tax revenue was reduced \$789,422. The District received Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) totaling \$388,946.

#### Note 13. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The District's unassigned general fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2021 was \$10,193,078 which represents 22.13% of next year's budget. The excess amounted to \$8,350,502.

#### Note 14. Change in Accounting principle

The District implemented GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities* during the year ended June 30, 2021. As such, certain amounts historically reported in the Fudiciary Fund were moved to the Governmental Funds, as follows:

Scholarship Fund Extraclassroom Activities Fund	\$ 22,225 125,927
Total prior period adjustment	 148,152
Governmental Fund Balance, as previously reported	 16,555,490
Governmental Fund Balance, restated	\$ 16,703,642

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS - NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2021

ASSETS	SCHOLA		EXTRACLA ACTIV FUI	ITIES	Total		
Cash Total Assets	\$ \$	20,929 20,929	\$ \$	117,582 117,582	\$ \$	138,511 138,511	
FUND BALANCES							
Total Fund Balances	\$	20,929	\$	117,582	\$	138,511	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	 OLARSHIP FUND	CLASSROOM CTIVITIES FUND	Total		
Gifts and contributions Miscellaneous revenue Investment earnings Total Revenues	\$ 14,300 - 4 14,304	\$ 41,440 162 41,602	\$	14,300 41,440 <u>166</u> 55,906	
EXPENDITURES Scholarships and awards Disbursements-extraclassroom Total Expenditures	 15,600 - 15,600	 - 49,947 49,947		15,600 49,947 65,547	
Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(1,296) 22,225	(8,345) 125,927		(9,641) 148,152	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 20,929	\$ 117,582	\$	138,511	

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted budget			\$	44,594,793
Add: Prior year's encumbrances Gifts and donations				398,247 22,748 420,995
Final budget			\$	45,015,788
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION				
2021-2022 expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2021-22 budget)			\$	46,064,391
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:				
Unrestricted fund balance: Committed fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$	- 2,229,062 10,193,078 12,422,140	-	
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments		1,600,000 629,062 2,229,062	-	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax La	aw:		\$	10,193,078
Actual percentage				22.13%

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Adopted Budget		Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Va	inal Budget ariance with Budgetary Actual
Revenues:							
Local Sources:	¢ 04 000 000	¢	40.040.070	¢	40.000 500	•	(0.070)
Real Property Taxes	\$ 21,863,639	\$	19,912,379	\$	19,908,500	\$	(3,879)
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	359,512		2,310,772		2,343,343		32,571
Charges for Services	60,000		60,000		105,498		45,498
Use of Money and Property	56,000		56,000		21,401		(34,599)
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	1,000		1,000		185		(815)
Miscellaneous	237,000		259,748		568,403		308,655
State Sources	20,172,642		20,172,642		20,523,906		351,264
Federal Sources	95,000		95,000		624,213		529,213
Total Revenues	42,844,793		42,867,541		44,095,449		1,227,908
Other Financing Sources							
Appropriated Reserves	150,000		548,247		-		-
	150,000		548,247		-		-
Total Revenues and Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 42,994,793	\$	43,415,788	\$	44,095,449	\$	1,227,908

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Year-end Encumbrances	Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances
Expenditures:					
General Support:					
Board of Education	\$ 25,268				
Central Administration	297,511	298,004	284,759	1,824	11,421
Finance	452,066	437,291	397,291	12,448	27,552
Staff	199,000	229,946	203,131	-	26,815
Central Services	2,216,384	2,705,399	2,067,739	355,406	282,254
Special Items	1,009,650	1,009,650	990,841	-	18,809
Instructional:					
Administration and Improvement	959,404	1,026,058	900,208	-	125,850
Teaching - Regular School	10,626,618	10,934,434	8,966,487	64,566	1,903,381
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	5,494,304	5,641,681	4,951,103	10,053	680,525
Teaching - Special Schools	976,195	995,910	930,240	505	65,165
Instructional Media	1,021,719	1,312,252	1,147,666	90,796	73,790
Pupil Service	1,907,070	1,951,076	1,653,069	89,795	208,212
Pupil Transportation	1,701,337	1,763,454	1,424,097	1,000	338,357
Community Service	9,924	14,712	4,038	2,625	8,049
Employee Benefits	14,565,477	13,994,220	13,128,726	-	865,494
Debt Service	1,537,630	1,201,263	1,200,522	-	741
Total Expenditures	42,999,557	43,540,618	38,266,045	629,062	\$ 4,645,511
Other Uses:					
Interfund Transfer	1,595,236	1,475,170	1,186,173	-	288,997
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 44,594,793	\$ 45,015,788	39,452,218	\$ 629,062	4,934,508
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	4,643,231		
Fund Balance - Beginning	13,483,644	13,483,644	13,483,644		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 11,883,644	\$ 11,883,644	\$ 18,126,875		

See Independent Auditor's Report.

#### SCHEDLE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

								Methods of Financing					
Project Title	A	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	
Construction													
2017-2019 Project	\$	18,025,300	\$ 18,025,300 \$	15,619,720 \$	522,663 \$	16,142,383	\$ 1,882,917	\$ 11,228,088	\$-	\$ 6,984,057 \$	18,212,145 \$	2,069,762	
Smart Schools		145,160	145,160	-	145,160	145,160	-		145,160	-	145,160		
100K Project 20/21		100,000	100,000	•	13,350	13,350	86,650		-	100,000	100,000	86,650	
		18,270,460	18,270,460	15,619,720	681,173	16,300,893	1,969,567	11,228,088	145,160	7,084,057	18,457,305	2,156,412	
Buses													
Buses 278-281		466,366	466,366		466,366	466,366	-		-	117,856	117,856	(348,510)	
Total	\$	18,736,826	\$ 18,736,826 \$	15,619,720 \$	1,147,539 \$	16,767,259	\$ 1,969,567	\$ 11,228,088	\$ 145,160	\$ 7,201,913 \$	18,575,161 \$	1,807,902	

#### NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2021

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 55,024,747
Deduct:	
Bond anticipation notes	(351,210)
Premium on bonds payable	(1,561,108)
Short-term portion of bonds payable and long-term debt	(1,465,000)
Long-term portion of bonds payable and long-term debt	(15,820,000)
Less: unspent bond proceeds	2,069,792
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,897,221

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 2021		2020	2019	2018
Measurement Date	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2019		July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
Service Cost	\$ 6,642,568	\$	3,861,280	\$ 4,319,705	\$ 5,058,507
Interest	5,362,606		4,693,059	4,371,131	3,682,519
Changes in benefit terms	(32,741)		(50,801)	-	371,740
Differences between expected and acutal experience			17,035,235	-	6,394,385
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	39,812,962		7,087,372	(5,489,673)	(19,892,126)
Benefit payments	 (3,924,797)		(2,990,760)	(2,800,051)	(2,534,169)
Net change in total OPEB liability	47,860,598		29,635,385	401,112	(6,919,144)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 148,537,143		118,901,758	118,500,646	125,419,790
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$ 196,397,741	\$	148,537,143	\$ 118,901,758	\$ 118,500,646
Covered payroll	\$ 22,614,956	\$	22,319,934	\$ 21,690,747	\$ 21,453,150
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	868%		665%	548%	552%

10 years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the change in the discount rate from 3.5% to 2.21% at the current measurement date.

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0147817%	0.0143467%	0.0157387%	0.0161002%	0.0147467%	0.0140758%	0.0100000%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	14,719	\$ 3,799,095	\$ 1,115,136	\$ 519,624	\$ 1,385,629	\$ 2,259,199	\$ 487,825			
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	4,490,686	\$ 4,491,799	\$ 4,668,260	\$ 4,718,348	\$ 4,417,626	\$ 4,232,977	\$ 3,814,252			
Districts proportionate share of the net pensi liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	on	0.33%	84.58%	23.89%	11.01%	31.37%	53.37%	12.79%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	f	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%			

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

See Independent Auditor's Report

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 638,806	\$ 631,915	\$ 630,352	\$ 618,893	\$ 593,577	\$ 643,813	\$ 645,261	681,796	591,933	644,889
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 638,806	\$ 631,915	\$ 630,352	\$ 618,893	\$ 593,577	\$ 643,813	\$ 645,261	681,796	591,933	644,889
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Districts covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,490,686	\$ 4,491,799	\$ 4,668,260	\$ 4,718,348	\$ 4,417,626	\$ 4,232,977	\$ 3,814,252			
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	14.2%	14.1%	13.5%	13.1%	13.4%	15.2%	16.9%			

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years\* 2021 2020 2017 2016 2019 2018 2015 2014 2013 2012 District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) 0.099738% -0.100084% -0.099346% -0.095939% 0.095350% -0.086853% -0.084388% -0.086299% District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (729,230) \$ 1,021,243 \$ (9,021,301) \$ (9,400,275) \$ (568,067) \$ 2,756,029 \$ (2,600,198) \$ (1,796,435) \$ District's covered- employee payroll \$ 14,592,920 \$ 17,144,875 \$ 16,806,113 \$ 16,213,126 \$ 15,268,272 \$ 14,876,763 \$ 12,161,910 Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll 18.89% -15.17% -10.69% -4.50% 6.69% -60.64% -77.29% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset) 97.76% -102.17% -101.53% -100.66% 99.01% -110.46% -111.48%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NYSTRS Pension Plan

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	4	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,499,718	\$ 1,774,146	\$ 1,585,868	\$	1,781,808	\$ 1,951,014	\$ 2,287,062	\$ 2,025,626	1,496,689		-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,499,718	\$ 1,774,146	\$ 1,585,868	\$	1,781,808	\$ 1,951,014	\$ 2,287,062	\$ 2,025,626	1,496,689		-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Districts covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,592,920	\$ 17,144,875	\$ 16,806,113	\$1	16,213,126	\$15,268,272	\$ 14,876,763	\$ 12,161,910				
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	10.28%	10.35%	9.44%		10.99%	12.78%	15.37%	16.66%				

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through New York State Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.027	0032-21-0133	\$ 581,488
IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.173	0033-21-0133	29,812
Total Special Education Cluster			611,300
Title I PT A Imprv Acad Achmt F/Disad	84.010	0021-21-0480	444,844
Title II, Part A	84.367	0147-21-0480	131,130
Title IV SSAE Allocation	84.424	0204-21-0480	34,809
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid,			
Relief, and Economic Security Act - ESSERF	84.425D	5890-21-0480	410,073
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid,			
Relief, and Economic Security Act - GEER	84.425C	5895-21-0480	69,461
Total Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus			
Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act			479,534
Total Department of Education			1,701,617
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Pass-through New York State Department of Education			
National School Lunch Program- cash	10.555		-
National School Lunch Program- commodities	10.555		41,341
School Breakfast Program	10.553		-
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program	10.559		1,089,743
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,131,084
CN Equipment Assistance Grants	10.579	0005-20-0067	39,924
Total Department of Agriculture			1,171,008
Total Federal Assistance Expended			\$ 2,872,625

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2021

#### Note 1. Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

#### Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Beekmantown Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beekmantown Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Beekmantown Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beekmantown Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Beekmantown Central School Districts financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control exists was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material

weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiencies. The findings are referenced as 2021-001.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beekmantown Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government *Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001.

#### **District's Response to Findings**

Beekmantown Central School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Beekmantown Central School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government *Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs. PC

September 20, 2021

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Beekmantown Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Beekmantown Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Beekmantown Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Beekmantown Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States: and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Beekmantown Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Beekmantown Central School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Beekmantown Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Beekmantown Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Beekmantown Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 20, 2021

#### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2021

SECTION I - SU	IMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS									
Financial Statem										
	f auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	Unmodified							
Interna	I control over financial reporting:									
	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no							
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X yes	none							
Nonco	mpliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	Xno							
Federal Awards										
Interna	l control over major programs:									
	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no							
	Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?	yes	X none							
Туре о	f auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified								
Any au	dit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)	yes	<u>X</u> no							
Identification of	Major Programs									
CFDA Number(s	s) Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>								
84.010 84.425D 84.425C	Title I PT A Imprv Acad Achmt F/I Education Stabilization Fund Und Relief, and Economic Security A Education Stabilization Fund Und	er the Coronavirus Aid, Act - ESSERF er the Coronavirus Aid,								
	Relief, and Economic Security A used to distinguish and Type B programs:	\$750,000								
Auditee qualified	d as low-risk Auditee?	X yes	no							

#### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### 2021-001 Excess Fund Balance

**Condition**: The District's unassigned general fund balance was 22.13% of next year's budget.

**Criteria:** According to New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318, a district's unappropriated fund balance may not exceed an amount equal to 4% of next year's budget.

**Effect**: The District's unassigned general fund balance was 18.13%, or \$8,350,502 over the amount allowable by law.

**Recommendation**: We recommend the District keep in mind this law when preparing next year's budget.

**Corrective action:** The first plan of action will immediately reduce the fund balance by \$1,734,552.86. At the October 2021 Board of Education meeting we will be increasing our Tax Certiorari to account for the 20-21 and 21-22 tax years. This will reduce the fund balance to \$8,458,525 or 18.4%. Effective at the beginning of the 2021-2022 school year we restored positions and added positions as well. These moves are being looked at as potentially reducing fund balance. We plan to increase what we are using to offset our budget each year for the next 2-4 years and gradually decrease it over the following 2-4 years as to not have any large swings. We are also planning our next Capitol Project which we want to start in 2023-2024 which, with the tax payers approval, we could use fund balance and the Capital Reserve to offset the local taxpayer portion. Finally, we are recommending increasing the new TRS Reserve.

It should be noted that the district acknowledges and agrees the June 30, 2021 level of unassigned general fund balance as \$10,193,078. This balance equated to 22.13% of the ensuing budget which exceeds the NYSED allowable 4% level.

The Board of Education will continue to apply a comprehensive multiyear approach to manage unassigned general fund balance levels at statutory limits. The Board of Education supports appropriating and adjusting fund balance in a methodical and disciplined multiyear approach balancing educational mandates, student needs and learning opportunities with consistent fiscal management utilizing taxpayer funds in a prudent manner to avoid unnecessary "tax rate spikes", while complying with tax levy limit restrictions.

While creating the budget for 20-21 we took many factors into consideration. First and foremost Governor Cuomo proclaimed repeatedly that he would reduce our State Aide by 20% to help balance the states budget and other factors like PILOT's, our Tax Certiorari, the effects of COVID 19 and the stability and future of our district were taken into account. The Board of Education and the BCSD Administration made some very difficult decisions to reduce staffing to help offset the promised 20% aid reductions. We also reduced equipment, materials and supplies and professional development. We were planning for what started out to be a very rough 20-21 school year. As you are well aware the aid reductions began and were more

rigorous than forecasted. After the presidential election and inauguration our aid was restored. Moreover, we were given additional monies through grants that no one had anticipated. Further impacting our fund balance was the ongoing COVID-19 regulations that did not allow for travel, field trips, professional development and much of our purchasing was down as well. So our 20-21 rough year turned around significantly and left the District with what we thought would be a decreasing fund balance to one that increased.

The Board of Education and the Administration have been looking at the comprehensive multiyear approach and believe that we can steadily reduce the fund balance to appropriate levels over the next 5 years without effecting the tax rate with large swings either up or down.

The Board of Education and the Administration at Beekmantown School will continue to monitor our fund balance with all of this in mind.

#### SECTION III - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no current year findings.

#### BEEKMANTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2021

There were no prior year audit findings.

### **BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.**

### Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board Beekmantown Central School District West Chazy, New York 12992

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance – cash basis and the related statement of receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and minimum program procedures established by the New York State Department of Education. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District as of June 30, 2021, and its receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 20, 2021

#### EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 117,582	\$ 125,927
Total Assets	\$ 117,582	\$ 125,927
FUND BALANCE		
Extraclassroom Activity	\$ 117,582	\$ 125,927
Fund Balance	\$ 117,582	\$ 125,927

### EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND ENDING BALANCES-CASH BASIS

Year Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Activity		lance 0/2020	R	eceipts	Disb	ursements	Balance /30/2021
Class of 2020	\$	6,643	\$	-	\$	6,643	\$ -
Class of 2021		14,942		3,550		16,611	1,881
Class of 2022		10,340		1,251		-	11,591
Class of 2023		6,393		-		-	6,393
Class of 2024		5,420		-		-	5,420
Class of 2025		4,915		-		-	4,915
Class of 2026		1,672		-		-	1,672
NYS Tax Account		1,417		357		380	1,394
H.S. Student Council		18,954		9,607		6,463	22,098
M.S. Student Council		3,668		355		-	4,023
Varsity Club		3,419		2		-	3,421
H.S. Yearbook Club		4,131		1,300		2,974	2,457
M.S. Yearbook		1,525		2,228		1,129	2,624
M.S. Drama Club		4,425		-		-	4,425
H.S. Drama Club		4,895		-		-	4,895
Model UN		1,518		303		622	1,199
National Honor Society		2,440		380		-	2,820
National Jr Honor Society		593		-		-	593
BCS Fitness Club		219		-		-	219
Beek Squad		17,004		18,851		14,067	21,788
FBLA		10,053		1,128		-	11,181
FFA		733		2,128		1,058	1,803
Interest Income		608		162		-	770
Total	\$ ´	25,927	\$	41,602	\$	49,947	\$ 117,582

#### EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The books and records of the Beekmantown Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>: The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Beekmantown Central School District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Trust and Agency Funds of the District.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: For financial statement purposes all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.